110 Historical Approaches to Contemporary Issues

Fall, Spring. 3(3-0) R: Open only to freshmen or sophomores.
Origins, contexts, and meaning of a current issue.
Use of historical methods to understand an important problem or issue.

140 World History to 1500
Fall, Spring. 4(4-0)

Similarities and distinctive qualities of civilizations in the pre-modern era. Social, cultural, and economic influences and interactions.

150 World History since 1500
Fall, Spring. 4(4-0)
The making of the modern world with focus on international relations. Major changes in culture and human understanding of the world.

201 Historical Methods and Skills
Fall, Spring. 3(3-0) Not open to students with credit in HST 201H.
The nature and discipline of history. Introduction to analytical and interpretive reading and writing, historical research, and historical methodologies.

201H Historical Methods and Skills for Honors Students
Fall, Spring. 3(3-0) R: Open only to Honors College students. Not open to students with credit in HST 201.
The nature and discipline of history. Introduction to analytical and interpretive reading and writing, historical research, and historical methodologies.

202 U.S. History to 1876
Fall, Spring. 4(4-0)

Major topics in U.S. history from the colonial and revolutionary periods through the Civil War and reconstruction.

203 U.S. History since 1876
Fall, Spring. 4(4-0)

Major topics and themes in U.S. history from 1876 to the present including such topics as political development, social change, women's history, race and ethnicity.

205 European History to 1500
Fall, Spring. 4(4-0)

Major political, cultural, social and economic developments and themes from the ancient medieval world to the High Middle Ages. Charlemagne and the Franks, Normans and Crusaders, Popes and feudal monarchs. Bubonic plagues. Italian Renaissance.

206 European History since 1500
Fall, Spring. 4(4-0)

Major topics in European history from 1500 to present including Reformation, Renaissance, Enlightenment, the French Revolution, social, political changes in nineteenth century, nature of twentieth century.

209 Traditional East Asia
Fall. 4(4-0)

Major trends in the history, government, religion, philosophy, society and cultures of China, Japan and Korea.

210 Modern East Asia
Spring. 4(4-0)


213 U.S. Business and Economic History
Fall, Spring. 3(3-0)

Evolution of American economy from colonial period to the present. Relationship between government and business. The relationship of labor to industry and government. Political culture and the world of business.

281 Immigrants, Minorities, and American Pluralism
Spring. 4(3-0) Interdepartmental with Arts and Letters; Classical Studies; History of Art. Administered by Arts and Letters. Methods and current trends in the study of the Greek and Roman world. Visits to library and museum collections.

301 Colonial America: Three Worlds Meet
Fall. 3(3-0) RB: (HST 202)

Frontiers among Native American, African-American, and Euroamerican societies and cultures from the late sixteenth to the mid-eighteenth century. Roots and progress of European, especially British, colonization in North America and the West Indies to 1750.

302 Revolutionary America
Spring. 3(3-0) RB: (HST 202)

American Revolution, creation of the U.S. Constitution, social and political construction of race, slavery and freedom in the early republic.

303 Union to Disunion
Fall. 3(3-0)

Economic, social and political changes from 1800 to 1860 that set the stage for Civil War. Indian removal, women's involvement in social reform and westward expansion. Issues of race, class and gender. Republican ideology and the expansion of capitalism.

304 The American Civil War
Fall, Spring. 3(3-0)

Conflict between the North and South from the 1830s to the end of Reconstruction. Evolving sectional conflict. Military campaigns. Social, economic, and political consequences of war. Race, class, and ethnicity and their effects on reform movements and Reconstruction.

305 The Making of the Modern United States
Fall, Spring. 3(3-0) RB: (HST 203)

Social, economic, and political transformations between 1877-1920 that gave rise to the modern United States. Industrialization, urbanization, immigration, reform, race relations, women's rights, workers' movements, national politics, and foreign policy.