999 Doctoral Dissertation Research
Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 24 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 99 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Approval of department.
Doctoral dissertation research.

GENERAL BUSINESS AND BUSINESS LAW GBL

Department of Finance
The Eli Broad College of Business and The Eli Broad Graduate School of Management

323 Introduction to Business Law
Fall, Spring. 3(3-0) R: Open only to students in programs for which GBL 323 is a catalog-listed requirement. Not open to students with credit in GBL 395 or GBL 395H.

Law, Public Policy, and Business
Fall, Spring. 3(3-0) R: Open only to juniors or seniors in The Eli Broad College of Business. Not open to students in The School of Hospitality Business. Not open to students with credit in GBL 395 or GBL 323.

395 Law, Public Policy, and Business -- Honors (W)
Fall. 3(3-0) P:M: Completion of Tier I writing requirement. R: Open only to juniors or seniors in the Honors College. Not open to students with credit in GBL 395.

447 Hospitality Law
Fall, Spring. 3(3-0) P:M: (GBL 395 or GBL 395H) R: Open only to seniors or graduate students in The School of Hospitality Business.
Legal aspects of hospitality industry, including contracts and sales, torts, commercial paper, and organization. Dynamics of the changing work force and employment discrimination. Franchising.

451 Law of Commercial Transactions
Spring. 3(3-0) R: Open only to seniors or graduate students in Accounting.

460 International Law and Business
Spring. 3(3-0) P:M: (GBL 395 or GBL 395H) R: Open only to seniors or graduate students.
The impact of international law on business practices. Government regulation of international business.

490 Independent Study
Fall, Spring. 1 to 3 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. P:M: (GBL 395 or GBL 395H) R: Open only to seniors or graduate students. Approval of department.
Program of observation and work in selected business firms and government. Supervised independent research on selected legal topics.

491 Topics in Business Law
Fall of even years. 1 to 4 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 9 credits in all enrollments for this course. P:M: (GBL 395 and GBL 395H)
Current and emerging issues in business law to supplement and enrich existing courses.

835 Eukaryotic Molecular Genetics
Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Microbiology and Molecular Genetics. Administered by Department of Microbiology and Molecular Genetics. RB: (BMB 462 and ZOL 341) R: Open only to graduate students in the colleges of Agriculture and Natural Resources, Engineering, Human Medicine, Natural Science, Osteopathic Medicine, and Veterinary Medicine.
Gene structure and function in animals, plants, and fungi. Basic aspects of modern human genetics and the genetic basis for disease. Molecular genetic analyses. Eukaryotic modeling systems.

842 Population Genetics, Genealogy and Genomics
Fall. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Forestry; Animal Science; Crop and Soil Sciences; Fisheries and Wildlife; Horticulture. Administered by Department of Forestry, RB: Pre-calculus, basic genetics

851 Molecular Entomology
Fall of odd years. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Entomology. Administered by Department of Entomology. Analysis of molecular processes unique to insects, and their potentials for genetic engineering.

880 Laboratory Rotation
Fall, Spring. 1 to 4 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Open only to Ph.D. majors in Genetics. Participation in research with faculty members.

899 Master's Thesis Research
Fall, Spring. 1 to 9 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 36 credits in all enrollments for this course. Master's thesis research.

999 Doctoral Dissertation Research
Fall, Spring. 1 to 24 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 120 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Open only to Ph.D. students in Genetics. Doctoral dissertation research.

GEOGRAPHY GEO

Department of Geography
College of Social Science

113 Introduction to Economic Geography
Fall, Spring. 3(3-0)
Spatial distribution of resources, population, enterprise, trade, consumption, and production. Interaction of those distributions at local to global scales.

151 Cultural Geography
Fall. 3(3-0)
Systematic approach to the spatial distribution of cultural features, processes, and relationships.

203 Introduction to Meteorology
Fall. 3(3-0)
204 World Regional Geography
Fall. 3(3-0)
In a time of increasing globalization of economic, political and technological processes, different societies on different continents are responding in various ways. This course explores the conditions that contribute to diversity in different world regions— including economic, social, political and environmental processes.

206 Physical Geography
Fall, Spring. 3(3-0)
Geographic and functional interrelationships within the physical environment: Earth-sun relationships, weather, climate, soils, vegetation and landforms (terrain characteristics).

206L Physical Geography Laboratory
Fall, Spring. 1(0-2) P:M: (GEO 206 or concurrently)
Geographic aspects of weather, climate, soil, vegetation, and terrain. Interpretation and application of maps and remotely sensed imagery.

221 Introduction to Geographic Information Systems
Fall, Spring. 3(2-2) SA: GEO 223, GEO 225 Principles and methods of spatial data collection, handling, analysis, and display. Introduction to remote sensing, geographic information systems, and cartography.

259 Geography of Recreation and Tourism
Fall of even years. 3(3-0)
Cultural, physical, and biotic factors affecting the distribution of recreation and tourism resources and participation. U.S. and international examples and case studies.

306 Environmental Geomorphology
Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Geological Sciences. P:M: (CSS 210 or GEO 203 or GEO 206 or GEO 330 or GEO 333 or GEO 259 or GLG 201 or GLG 304 or ISP 201 or ISP 203 or ISS 310 or RD 201) and completion of Tier I writing requirement. Relationships of running water, weathering, gravity, ice, waves, wind, and biota (including humans) to terrain and soils. Evolution of landscapes. Classical and modern interpretations.

314 Methods for Investigation of Urban Systems
Fall. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Urban Planning. Administered by Department of Geography. P:M: (STT 201 and CSE 101) RB: (UP 201) Models, approaches, and techniques for urban and regional problem analysis, research, program evaluation, and project management. Application of related computer software.

324 Remote Sensing of the Environment
Fall, Spring. 4(2-4) SA: GEO 224
Features and interpretation methods of remotely-sensed imagery, especially black-and-white and color infrared airphotos. Basic features of radar, thermal, and multispectral imagery. Interpretation for agriculture, archaeology, fisheries, forestry, geography, landscape architecture, planning, and wildlife management.

330 Geography of the United States and Canada
Fall, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0) SA: GEO 230 Regional analysis. Evolution and status of environmental, demographic, economic, and sociocultural patterns and processes.

333 Geography of Michigan and the Great Lakes Region
Fall of odd years. 3(3-0) SA: GEO 233 Michigan's physical, historical, and economic geography. Interrelationships between the physical environment (rocks, landforms, soils, climate, vegetation, hydrology) and historical and contemporary land uses. Demographic and agricultural patterns. Human history and settlement patterns contemporary recreational opportunities.

335 Geography of Latin America
Fall. 3(3-0) P:M: Completion of Tier I writing requirement. R: Not open to freshmen. Physical and human geography of Latin America. Current development issues, especially people-environment interaction in urban and rural areas. Topics include migration, urbanization, and industrialization.

336 Geography of Europe
Fall of odd years. 3(3-0) P:M: Completion of Tier I writing requirement. R: Not open to freshmen. Major regions and nations, including their physical resources, peoples, political structures, and economies.

337 Geography of East Asia
Spring. 3(3-0) P:M: Completion of Tier I writing requirement. R: Not open to freshmen. Spatial patterns and processes of physical and human geography in China, Japan, Korea, and Taiwan. Emphasis on development problems, especially since 1950.

370 Introduction to Zoogeography
Fall. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Zoology; Fisheries and Wildlife. Administered by Department of Zoology. P:M: (ZOL 355) Patterns of geographical distribution of animals and the ecological and historical processes leading to these patterns.

401 Geography of Plants of North America
Spring of even years. 3(3-0) R: Not open to freshmen or sophomores. Geography of Plants in North America with emphasis on the East. Related ecological principles, soils, and post-cretaceous geologic history. Some field instruction.

402 Agricultural Climatology
Fall of even years. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Biosystems Engineering. P:M: (MTH 104 or MTH 110 or MTH 116) R: Not open to freshmen or sophomores. SA: AE 402 Relationships between climate and agriculture in resource assessment, water budget analysis, meteorological hazards, pests, crop-yield modeling, and impacts of global climate change.

404 Synoptic Climatology
Fall. 4(4-0) P:M: (GEO 203) Global climate patterns and their controls. Relationship between upper air flow and weather in the northern hemisphere westerlies.

405 Weather Analysis and Forecasting
Spring of odd years. 4(3-2) P:M: (GEO 203) and (MTH 110 or MTH 116) Dynamic and thermodynamic principles of atmospheric science applied to the development and evolution of extratropical cyclones. Laboratory sessions include analysis of current observations and satellite imagery.

407 Regional Geomorphology of the United States
Fall of odd years. 3(3-0) P:M: (GEO 306 or GLG 201 or GLG 412 or ISP 203) Regional geomorphic characteristics of physiographic regions of the United States.

408 Soil Geomorphology Field Study
Fall. 4(2-4) P:M: (CSS 210 or GEO 306 or GLG 201 or GLG 412 or ISP 203) R: Not open to freshmen or sophomores. Common geographic relationships among soils, landforms, and vegetation in lower Michigan. Description, analysis, and genesis of soils and landscapes. Surficial processes. Field trips required.

409 Global Climate Change and Variability
Fall of odd years. 3(3-0) P:M: (GEO 206) Analysis of climate change and variability at various time and space scales with emphasis on climate systems, paleoclimatology, global warming, climate models, and climate impact assessment.

412 Glacial and Quaternary Geology
Spring. 4(3-2) Interdepartmental with Geological Sciences. Administered by Department of Geological Sciences. RB: (GLG 201 or GLG 301 or GEO 306 or GEO 408) R: Not open to freshmen or sophomores. Glacial and Quaternary geology with emphasis on North America and Europe. Laboratory focuses on glacial processes. One weekend field trip required.

413 Urban Geography
Fall. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Urban Planning. R: Not open to freshmen or sophomores. Theories and models of urban spatial form. Underlying structures and processes. Socio-spatial dimensions of modern urbanism. Differentiation and locational conflict in residential, commercial, and industrial space.

414 Geography of Transportation
Fall of odd years. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Urban Planning. P:M: (GEO 113) R: Not open to freshmen. Spatial principles of transportation. Theories of interaction, network structures, and location-allocation models. Role of transport and transport planning.

415 Location Theory and Land Use Analysis
Fall. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Urban Planning. P:M: (GEO 113 or UP 201) RB: One of the prerequisites or an introductory ECON course. R: Not open to freshmen or sophomores. Classical and neoclassical, static and dynamic models of industrial location and spatial organization. Land rent theory. Central place theory. Multi-locational organization. Growth transmission.

418 The Ghetto
Fall of odd years. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Urban Planning. R: Not open to freshmen or sophomores. Analysis of the ghetto including its spatial organization and structure. Distribution of racial and ethnic populations. Emphasis on U.S. cities.
Ethical dimensions and scientific bases of landscape valuation, control, and alteration. Environmental and spatial controversies arising from information systems, and cartography. Application of photogrammetry, geographic information systems, and implementation of geographic information systems (GIS) software to produce individual thematic maps and map series. Evaluation, and implementation of geographic information systems for research and application. Technical cartography. Fall of even years. 4(3-2) P.M.: GEO 221 SA: GEO 326 Principles, techniques, and decision making in thematic mapping. Use of computer-mapping and geographic information systems (GIS) software to produce individual thematic maps and map series. Electronic delivery of thematic maps. Fall of even years. 4(3-2) P.M.: GEO 221 R: Open only to juniors or seniors. Theoretical and technical issues of collection, management, analysis, and display of terrain data. Application of photogrammetry, geographic information systems, and cartography. Fall. 3(3-0) P.M.: Completion of Tier I writing requirement. R: Open only to juniors or seniors. Ethical dimensions and scientific bases of environmental and spatial controversies arising from landscape valuation, control, and alteration.

Geography of Health and Disease Fall. 3(3-0) R: Not open to freshmen or sophomores. Spatio-environmental concepts and techniques applied to health problems. Disease transmission cycles, community nutrition, and health care planning.

Spatial Aspects of Regional Development Spring of odd years. 3(3-0) P.M.: GEO 113 or GEO 151 or GEO 330 or GEO 333 or GEO 335 or GEO 336 or GEO 337 or GEO 338) Spatial patterns and processes associated with regional development in selected world areas.

Tourism in Regional Development Spring of odd years. 3(3-0) RB: (GEO 259 or PRR 213) The role of tourism in regional development. Examples from Michigan, and the United States and other nations. Environmental considerations.

Introduction to Quantitative Methods for Geographers and Planners Fall. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Urban Planning. RB: Completion of University mathematics requirement. R: Open only to majors in Geography, Urban Planning, and Landscape Architecture. Quantitative techniques in the analysis and classification of spatial data.

Spatial Data Analysis Spring. 4(3-2) Interdepartmental with Statistics and Probability. P.M: (GEO 483 or STT 200 or STT 201 or STT 231 or STT 315 or STT 351) RB: Basic computer skills, basic mathematics, basic statistics, geographic information science. Theory and techniques for statistical analysis of point patterns, spatially continuous data, and data in spatial zones.

Urban Transportation Planning Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Urban Planning. Administered by Department of Geography. R: Open only to juniors or seniors in Urban and Regional Planning or Geography or approval of department. Principles of decision-making in urban transportation planning. Demand and supply analysis, social and environmental impacts, implementation programs. Use of computer models.

Senior Seminar (W) Fall. 3(3-0) P.M: Completion of Tier I writing requirement. R: Open only to seniors in Geography. History, philosophy, and methodology of the geographic discipline as it has evolved within academic and social contexts.

Senior Seminar in Geography Education Spring of even years. 3(3-0) P.M: (GEO 113 or GEO 151) and (GEO 204 and GEO 206 and GEO 221 and GEO 330 or concurrently and GEO 333 or concurrently) R: Open only to Geography minors. Geography educational standards will guide the development of knowledge and technical expertise of future K-12 teachers. Emphasis will be on continued learning of geography, integration of physical and human concepts, the role of representation (maps, etc.), and the use of current events, local observations, and technology to integrate geography into the K-12 curriculum.

Independent Study Fall, Spring. Summer. 1 to 4 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 12 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Approval of department. Supervised individual study in an area supplementary to regular courses.

Geographic Research Problems Fall, Spring. Summer. 1 to 4 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 12 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Not open to freshmen or sophomores. Approval of department. Supervised original research on selected aspects of geography.

Remote Sensing Field Techniques Summer. 2(0-4) P.M: (GEO 424) Collection and processing of field data to coordinate with remotely sensed imagery. Data correction and analysis. The use of global positioning systems (GPS) receivers and of sensors for determining chlorophyll levels and other biophysical properties. Hands-on experiences; considerable time outdoors. Field trips required.

Field Study Fall, Spring. Summer. 1 to 4 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 8 credits in all enrollments for this course. Supervised field study in geography.

Internship in Geography Fall, Spring. Summer. 1 to 4 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 8 credits in all enrollments for this course. Individual experience in geography in an approved organization.

Issues in Geographical Information Science Fall. 3(3-0) P.M: (GEO 221) Manipulation and display of geographic data. Interpreting and using geographic information in social and scientific contexts. Ethical issues associated with geographical information science.

Seminar in Urban and Economic Geography Spring. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 9 credits in all enrollments for this course. RB: Two of GEO 413, GEO 414, GEO 415, GEO 416, GEO 417, GEO 418. Review of research on selected topics in urban and economic geography.

Applied Research Methods for Planning and Development Spring. 3(2-2) Interdepartmental with Urban Planning. Administered by Department of Geography. RB: (UP 813) R: Open only to graduate students in Urban and Regional Planning, Public Administration, and Geography. Techniques in urban and regional planning analysis. Forecasting models. Methods of urban project evaluation.

Spatial Epidemiology and Medical Geography Summer of even years. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Epidemiology. Administered by Department of Epidemiology. RB: (EPI 810) R: Open only to master’s students in the Epidemiology major or approval of department. SA: HM 819 Concepts, techniques, and utilization of spatio-epidemiologic analyses for human health.

Monitoring the Biosphere from Space Spring. 4(4-0) P.M: (GEO 424) Remote sensing in support of global and other environmental change research. Observing patterns in satellite imagery and linking them with human processes. Monitoring Earth from space at variable spatial and temporal scales. Advanced digital image processing, information extraction, interpretation, and applications.
825 Geoprocessing
Fall of odd years. 4(4-0)
Integration of digital remote sensing data, geographic information systems, spatial analysis, and expert systems in solving research problems. Class research project.

826 Seminar in Cartography and Geoprocessing
Spring. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 9 credits in all enrollments for this course.
Review of research in cartography, geographic information systems, and remote sensing.

827 Digital Image Processing and Analysis
Fall. 4(2-4) P:M: (GEO 424)
Use of computer to classify and enhance satellite images and to extract information from them. Combining images from different sources. Accuracy assessment of resulting information.

832 Environmental and Natural Resource Law
Fall. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Resource Development; Agricultural Economics; Crop and Soil Sciences; Forestry. Administered by Department of Resource Development. RB: (RD 430)
Origin and development of environmental law. Theories of power, jurisdiction, sovereignty, property interests, pollution, and other bases for legal controls of natural resources. Common law and constitutional limitations on governmental power.

835 Biogeography
Spring of odd years. 3(3-0)
Interdepartmental with Fisheries and Wildlife; Zoology; Plant Biology. Administered by Department of Fisheries and Wildlife. RB: Courses in evolution and ecology at undergraduate level.
Geographical distributions of plants and animals; biogeographic realms. Ecological and evolutionary mechanisms determining distributional patterns. Application of biogeography to conservation problems.

850 Seminar in Regional Geography
Spring. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 9 credits in all enrollments for this course.
Review of research on contemporary geographic issues in different world regions.

854 Economics of Planning and Development
Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Urban Planning. Administered by Department of Geography. RB: (UP 801)
The physical urban environment and local economic development.

865 Advanced Quantitative Methods in Geography
Spring. 4(0-6) RB: (GEO 465)

867 Methods and Modeling in Regional Science
Spring of even years. 3(3-0)
Interdepartmental with Resource Development; Urban Planning; RB: (EC 820 and GEO 865) and (GEO 415 or RD 461)
Techniques for regional research: economic base analysis, input-output analysis, mathematical programming, and econometric and simulation analysis.

871 Seminar in Physical Geography
Fall. 3(3-0) RB: at least one course in physical geography
Research on topics in physical geography.

872 Seminar in Human Geography
Fall. 3(3-0) RB: at least one course in human geography
Research on topics in human geography.

873 Seminar in Human-Environment Geography
Spring. 3(3-0) RB: at least one course in human geography and one course in physical geography.
Research on topics in human-environment geography.

874 Seminar in Geographic Information Science
Spring. 3(3-0) RB: at least one course in geographic information science, cartography or remote sensing.
Geographic information science (GIS) applications to social and environmental problems. Theory and related issues.

880 Seminar in Advanced Physical Geography
Spring. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 9 credits in all enrollments for this course. SA: GEO 809
Advanced study of soils, geomorphology, climatology and/or plant geography.

886 Research Design in Geography
Spring. 3(3-0)
Research and writing in geography. Identification of geographic problems and their relative importance. Structuring and stating hypotheses. Data acquisition and tests for validity.

890 Advanced Readings in Geography
Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 8 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 12 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Approval of department. Advanced independent readings.

892 Advanced Research in Geography
Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 4 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 12 credits in all enrollments for this course. Advanced independent research.

899 Master's Thesis Research
Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 12 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 30 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Open only to graduate students in Geography. Master's thesis research.

906 Theory and Methods in Geography
Spring. 3(3-0) R: Open only to Ph.D. students in Geography.
Historical development of the discipline within social and intellectual contexts. Current methodological and philosophical approaches to geographic research.

999 Doctoral Dissertation Research
Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 24 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 36 credits in all enrollments for this course. Doctoral dissertation research.

GEOLOGICAL SCIENCES

Department of Geological Sciences
College of Natural Science

201 The Dynamic Earth
Fall, Spring. 4(3-2) Not open to students with credit in GLG 301.
Physical and chemical processes related to the past, present and future behavior of the earth system, and the energy systems that drive these processes. A study of the earth's materials, the earth's surface and the earth's interior.

302 Geology of Michigan
Spring. 3(3-0) P:M: (GLG 201 or GLG 301 or ISP 203)
Integration of the geological evolution of Michigan with its social and economic development.

303 Oceanography
Fall. 4(4-0) P:M: (CEM 141 or CEM 142 or CEM 151 or CEM 152 or CEM 181H or CEM 182H or LBS 171) and (PHY 183 or PHY 183B or PHY 193H or PHY 231 or PHY 231B or PHY 231C or LBS 271)
Physical, chemical, biological, and geological aspects of oceanography: ocean circulation, waves, tides, air-sea interactions, chemical properties of ocean water, ocean productivity, shoreline processes, and sediments.

304 Physical and Biological History of the Earth
Fall, Spring. 4(3-2) P:M: (GLG 201 or ISP 203) SA: GLG 202

306 Environmental Geomorphology
Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Geography. Administered by Department of Geography. P:M: (CSS 210 or GEO 203 or GEO 206 or GEO 330 or GEO 333 or GEO 259 or GLG 201 or GLG 304 or ISP 201 or ISP 203 or ISS 310 or RD 201) and completion of Tier I writing requirement.
Relationships of running water, weathering, gravity, ice, waves, wind, and biota (including humans) to terrain and soils. Evolution of landscapes. Classical and modern interpretations.

319 Introduction to Earth System Science
Fall. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Entomology; Plant Biology; Zoology. Sociology. Administered by Department of Entomology. RB: Completion of one course in biological or physical science.
Systems approach to Earth as an integration of geochemical, geophysical, biological and social components. Global dynamics at a variety of spatio-temporal scales. Sustainability of the Earth system.