#### *820*. Forensic Science II

Spring. 3(2-3)

P: CJ 816, CJ 819. R: Open only to graduate students in the School of Criminal Justice.

Continuation of CJ 819. Analysis of trace evidence including hairs and fibers, paints and coatings, explosives and fire residues, glass and soil.

### Managing Police Organizations 835.

Fall. 3(3-0)

P: CJ 810. R: Open only to graduate students in the Criminal Justice or Social Science-Criminal Justice

Issues and practices in police management. Management philosophy and personnel management.

# Assessment of Police Policies and Operations

Spring. 3(3-0)

P: CJ 835. R: Open only to graduate students in the Criminal Justice or Social Science-Criminal Justice

Recent policy-related research and its application to the deployment of human resources.

# Delinquency Prevention and Control

R: Open only to graduate students in the Criminal Justice or Social Science-Criminal Justice major. Historical overview. Theories and methodologies. Models and organization of delinquency prevention and control programs. Law and public policy. Program evaluation.

#### Adult Corrections 865.

Fall. 3(3-0)

R: Open only to graduate students in the Criminal Justice or Social Science-Criminal Justice major. Traditional and contemporary adult correctional practices. Social, political, economic, and organizational factors affecting correctional policies.

### 866. Adult and Juvenile Corrections Programs

Spring. 3(3-0) P: CJ 855 or CJ 865. R: Open only to graduate students in the Criminal Justice or Social Science-Criminal Justice major

Adult and juvenile crime prevention and correctional programs. Application of research findings to management issues.

# Legal Issues in Criminal Justice

Fall of even-numbered years, 3(3-0)

R: Open only to graduate students in the Criminal Justice or Social Science-Criminal Justice major. Law as an instrument of social control. Legal basis of criminal law and criminal justice policies. Legal limitations on criminal justice institutions and policies.

### Security Management 885.

P: CJ 811 or concurrently. R: Open only to graduate students in the Criminal Justice or Social Science-Criminal Justice major.

Organization and management of security operations in business, industry and government.

#### 886. Security Administration

Spring. 3(3-0)

R: Open only to graduate students in the Criminal Justice or Social Science-Criminal Justice major. Administrative and quantitative techniques for security operations. Statistical analyses. Analysis of financial statements. Operations research and computer techniques.

### 887. Quantitative Methods in Criminal Justice Research

Spring. 3(3-0)

P: CJ 811. R: Open only to graduate students in the School of Criminal Justice.

Descriptive and inferential statistics and computer use in criminal justice research.

#### 890. Independent Study

Fall, Spring. 1 to 6 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this

R: Open only to graduate students in the Criminal Justice or Social Science-Criminal Justice major. Individual research and writing under faculty supervi-

#### 894. Practicum

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 6 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course.

R: Open only to graduate students in the School of Criminal Justice. Approval of school.

Observation, study, and work in selected criminal justice agencies. Participation in domestic and foreign criminal justice systems.

### Policy Analysis under Conditions of 896. Change

Spring. 3(3-0)

P: CJ 811. R: Open only to graduate students in the School of Criminal Justice.

Methods of policy analysis in criminal justice settings. Policy analysis for the formulation, adoption and implementation of changes.

# Master's Thesis Research

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 6 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for

R: Open only to graduate students in Criminal Justice. Planned research and writing directed by student's thesis committee.

### 901. Seminar in Contemporary Criminal Justice Theory

Fall, 3(3-0)

R: Open only to graduate students in Criminal Justice or in Social Science-Criminal Justice.

Theoretical perspectives and issues in criminal justice and criminology

## Seminar in Criminal Justice Systems Spring of even-numbered years, 3(3-0)

R: Open only to graduate students in Criminal Justice or in Social Science-Criminal Justice.

Contemporary issues in the criminal justice system.

### 903. Research Utilization in Criminal Justice

Spring of odd-numbered years. 3(3-0) R: Open only to graduate students in Criminal Justice or in Social Science-Criminal Justice.

Research application in criminal justice theory and

# CROP AND SOIL SCIENCES CSS

# Department of Crop and Soil Sciences College of Agriculture and

# Natural Resources

# Introduction to Crop Science Fall. 3(2-2)

Principles of crop management, improvement, and fertilization. International and sustainable agriculture. Water quality issues.

### 110. Computer Applications in Agronomy

Fall. 2(1-2)

R: Open only to College of Agriculture and Natural Resources students. Not open to students with credit in

Use of computers in agriculture. Basic computer operating systems. Management and use of storage media. Laboratory experience in word processing, spread sheets, data bases, programming languages, networking, and software related to agriculture.

# Forage Crops

Fall. 3(2-2)

Forage crop production, management, and utilization. Crop identification. Soil fertilization. Planting and harvesting of grasses and legumes.

#### 210. Fundamentals of Soil and Landscape Science

Fall. 3(2-3) Interdepartmental with Forestry. P: CEM 141.

Agricultural and natural resource ecosystems: soil, vegetation and ground water components. Energy, water and nutrient cycles. Soil classification and mapping. Land management and use issues.

# New Horizons in Biotechnology

Fall. 2(2-0) Interdepartmental with Entomol-

ogv. Perspectives on biotechnology for safer food production, environmental quality, and improved human health. Impacts of biotechnology on the national economy. Political and ethical ramifications of applied

### 232. Introduction to Turfgrass Management Fall. 3(2-2)

P: CSS 110; CSS 210 or concurrently.

Turfgrass utilization, identification, establishment and management principles. Responses to various cultural practices.

#### Athletic Field Maintenance 242.

Fall. 2 credits.

biotechnology.

P: CSS 210, CSS 232 or approval of department. Art and science of athletic field maintenance including root-zone modification, traffic wear management, field preparation techniques, wet weather strategies, safety concerns, legal issues, and crisis management. Field trips required.

# Turfgrass Management Seminar

Fall. 1(2-0)

P: CSS 232 or concurrently.

Presentations by individuals involved in turfgrass and golf course management. Topics include golf course construction and operations, preparation for tournaments, and public relations.

### 310. Soil Management and Environmental Impact

Spring. 3(2-3) P: CSS 210.

Management of soil physical and chemical properties for the production of food and fiber. Soil management systems that reduce the environmental impact on soil, water and air resources and maximize crop production potential.

#### 332 Advanced Turf Management

Spring. 3(3-0)

P: CSS 232. R: Completion of Tier I writing require-

Effect of light, heat, cold, drought, and traffic on turfgrass growth and development. Impact of practices such as mowing, cultivation, and compaction on the growth of grasses.

# Descriptions —Crop and Soil Sciences of Courses

#### Turfgrass Soil Management 342.

Fall. 3(3-0)

P: CSS 210.

Fertility and pH control of turf soils. Drainage, irrigation programming, cultivation, topdressing, and soil amendments. Environmental impacts. Specialized soils.

#### Introduction to Plant Genetics 350.

Spring. 3(4-0)

P: BOT 105 or BS 111. R: Not open to freshmen or sophomores.

Fundamentals of plant genetics with applications to agriculture and natural resources.

# Management of Turfgrass Pests

Fall. 4(3-2) Interdepartmental with Botany and Plant Pathology, and Entomology.

Chemical, biological, and cultural methods of managing weeds, diseases, and insect pests of turfgrass. Environmental considerations in pest management.

### 370. Agricultural Cropping Systems Management

Fall. 3(2-3)

P. CSS 101 or CSS 210; MTH 110 or MTH 116. R: Not open to freshmen and sophomores. Completion of Tier I writing requirement

Interdisciplinary decision making to select crop and production systems based upon soil productivity, climatic adaptation, environmental impacts, and economic constraints.

#### 380. Crop Physiology

Spring of even-numbered years. 3(2-3)

P: CSS 101; BOT 105 or BOT 301. R: Not open to freshmen and sophomores.

Physiological and metabolic function of plants from a whole plant viewpoint. Environmental effects on crop growth, development, and yield.

#### Principles of Weed Science 402.

Fall. 3(2-2)

P: BOT 105, CEM 143. R: Not open to freshmen and sophomores.

Weed biology and ecology. Cultural, mechanical, biological, and chemical control practices. Herbicide action, selectivity in plants, and effects on environment.

#### 404. Forest and Agricultural Ecology

Fall. 4 credits. Interdepartmental with Forestry. Administered by Forestry.

P: CSS 210: BOT 105 or BS 110

Structure and function of ecosystems managed for crop and wood production. Productivity, nutrient cycling, community dynamics as affected by management intensity and natural disturbance. Dynamics of managed versus natural ecosystems.

#### Seed Production and Technology 406.

Fall of even-numbered years. 3(2-2)

P. CSS 101, CSS 350. R: Not open to freshmen and sophomores.

Principles and practices of field seed production. Crop improvement, variety release, seed production, seed technology and evaluation involved in producing high quality field crop seed.

#### 409. Forest Hydrology

Spring of odd-numbered years. 3 credits. Interdepartmental with Forestry and Resource Development. Administered by Forestry.

P: CSS 210, MTH 116 R: Not open to freshmen and sophomores.

Science and technology of the hydrologic cycle and water resources in forest, wildland, wetland, and rural watersheds.

#### 425. Microbial Ecology

Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Microbiology. Administered by Microbiology.

Microbial population and community interactions. Microbial activities in natural systems, including associations with plants or animals.

# Biogeochemistry

Summer. 3 credits. Given only at W.K. Kellogg Biological Station. Interdepartmental with Microbiology, Geological Sciences, and Zoology. Administered by Microbiology.

P: BS 110 or BS 111, CEM 143 or CEM 251.

Integration of the principles of ecology, microbiology, geochemistry, and environmental chemistry. Societal applications of research in aquatic and terrestrial habi-

### Soil Fertility and Chemistry 430.

Spring. 3(2-2)
P: CSS 210. R: Not open to freshmen and sophomores. Application of chemistry to diagnosing and improving soil fertility. Soil amendments including macro- and micro-nutrients. Reducing environmental degrada-

#### 440. Soil Biophysics

Fall of even-numbered years. 3(2-2)

P: CSS 210. R: Not open to freshmen and sophomores. Plant growth properties and soil physical conditions which influence productivity. Principles and applications of soil texture, structure, mechanical impedance, aeration and water. Root responses to the environment.

#### Plant Breeding and Biotechnology 441.

Spring. 4(3-2) Interdepartmental with Horticulture and Forestry.

P: CSS 350.

Plant improvement by genetic manipulation. Genetic variability in plants. Traditional and biotechnological means of creating and disseminating recombinant genotypes and cultivars.

# Cellular and Molecular Principles and 451. Techniques for Plant Sciences Spring. 4(2-6) Interdepartmental with For-

estry and Horticulture.

P: CSS 350 or ZOL 341.

Principles, concepts, and techniques of agricultural plant biotechnology. Recombinant DNA technology, plant molecular biology, transformation, cell tissue, and organ culture in relation to plant improvement.

### 455. Pollutants in the Soil Environment

Fall. 3(3-0)

P: CEM 143. R: Open only to seniors and graduate students. Completion of Tier I writing requirement. Chemical and biological reactions of organic and inorganic pollutants in soils.

# Statistical Methods for Biologists I

Fall. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Statistics and Probability, and Animal Science. Administered by Statistics and Probability.

P: STT 421.

Biological random variables. Estimation of population parameters. Testing hypotheses. Linear correlation and regression (prediction). Analyses of counted and measured data to compare several biological groups (contingency tables and analysis of variance).

# Statistical Methods for Biologists II

Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Statistics and Probability, and Animal Science. Administered by Statistics and Probability.

P. STT 464.

Concepts of reducing experimental error: covariance, complete and incomplete block designs, latin squares, split plots, repeated-measures designs, regression applications, and response surface designs.

#### 470. Soil Resources

Fall. 3(2-3)

P. CSS 210. R: Not open to freshmen and sophomores. Evaluation of the properties, genesis, and classification of soil resources to assist in making land-use decisions. Field trips required.

# Pest Management I: Pesticides in Management Systems

Fall. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Entomology, Horticulture, and Fisheries and Wildlife. Administered by Entomology.

P: CEM 143; BOT 405 or CSS 402, ENT 404 or ENT 470 or FW 328.

Chemistry, efficient use, and environmental fate of pesticides. Legal and social aspects of pesticide use.

# Pest Management II: Biological Components of Management Systems

Spring of odd-numbered years. 3 credits, Interdepartmental with Entomology, Horticulture, Fisheries and Wildlife, and Forestry. Administered by Entomology.

P: ENT 404 or ENT 470 or BOT 405 or CSS 402 or FW 328. R: Completion of Tier I writing requirement.

Principles of host plant resistance and biological control and their relationship to the design of agroecosystems. Classification of insect biological control agents.

### 431. Agricultural Research Systems in **Developing Countries**

Summer. 2(2-0) Interdepartmental with Agriculture and Natural Resources, Agricultural Economics, and Animal Science. Administered by Agriculture and Natural Resources.

R: Open only to seniors and graduate students in the College of Agriculture and Natural Resources.

Planning, organizing and managing agricultural research systems. Problems and alternative reforms to improve research productivity. Adapting new agricultural technology in developing countries.

### 486. Biotechnology in Agriculture: Applications and Ethical Issues

 $Spring\ of\ even-numbered\ years.\ 3 (3-0)\ Interde$ partmental with Horticulture, Philosophy, and Forestry. Administered by Horticulture.

P: BS 111 or BOT 105. R: Not open to freshmen and sophomores.

Current and future roles of biotechnology in agriculture: scientific basis, applications. Environmental, social, and ethical concerns.

#### 490 Independent Study

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 4 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 8 credits in all enrollments for this course.

P: CSS 101 or CSS 210. R: Approval of department; application required.

Individual work on field, laboratory, or library research problem of special interest to the student.

### 491. Special Topics

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 4 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 8 credits in all enrollments for this course.

P: CSS 101 or CSS 210.

Topics from crop production, crop physiology, turfgrass management, organic soils, turfgrass soils, soil fertility, plant and soil relationships, genetics, biotechnology, environmental science, or sustainable agriculture.

# Seminar

Fall. 1(1-0)

P: CSS 210; CSS 342 or CSS 370. R: Completion of Tier I writing requirement.

Synthesis, integration and application of agronomic principles to current issues in agronomy via discussion and oral and written communication.

#### 801. Physiological Crop Ecology

Fall of even-numbered years. 2(2-0) Environmental factors that limit crop distribution and productivity. Physiological basis for stress injury, resistance to temperature extremes, flooding, drought, and salinity.

#### 805. Herbicide Action and Metabolism

Spring of odd-numbered years. 2(2-0)

Properties and characteristics of herbicides. Processes involved in herbicide action, transport, and fate in plants and soils.

#### 819. Advanced Plant Breeding

Fall. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Horticulture and Forestry. Administered by Horticulture. P: CSS 450, STŤ 422.

Genetic expectations resulting from breeding strategies with cross- and self-pollinated crop plants. Germplasm collections, mapping populations, and modifications of reproductive biology useful for crop improvement.

#### 823. Methods in Genetic Engineering of Plants

Fall of even-numbered years. 4 credits. Interdepartmental with Horticulture and Forestry.

Bacterial transformation, Plant transformation via Tiplasmid, protoplast/PEG, and electroporation methods. Detection of foreign gene integration and expression.

#### 825. Clay Mineralogy and Soils Genesis

Spring of even-numbered years. 4(3-2) Interdepartmental with Geological Sciences.

R: Open only to graduate students in College of Agriculture and Natural Resources, College of Engineering, or College of Natural Science.

Mineral structures. X-ray diffraction, pedogenic processes, and mineral transformations and stability.

# Techniques in Cytogenetics

Fall of odd-numbered years. 1 credit. Interdepartmental with Horticulture and Forestry.

Preparation of chromosomes from commercially important plants for cytogenetic analysis.

### Advanced Microbial Ecology 829.

Fall of even-numbered years. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Microbiology. Administered by Microbiology.

Functional roles of microorganisms, their population dynamics and interactions, and their mechanisms of evolutionary change in natural communities, laboratory experiments, and mathematical models.

### Soil and Plant Resources for Sustained 831. World Food Production

Spring of odd-numbered years. 3(3-0)

World food production capacities related to soil and climatic resources. Management and utilization of genetic resources for sustained production of human foods and animal feeds.

## 832. Environmental and Natural Resource

Fall. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Resource Development, Agricultural Economics, Forestry, and Geography. Administered by Resource Development.

Origin and development of environmental law. Theories of power, jurisdication, sovereignty, property interests, pollution, and other bases for legal controls of natural resources. Common law and constitutional limitations on governmental power.

### 836. Plant Evolution and the Origin of Crop

Fall of even-numbered years, 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Horticulture and Forestry. Administered by Horticulture.

Cultural and biological aspects of the evolution of domestic plants. Origin and diversity of cultivated plants.

# Confocal Microscopy

Fall, Spring. 2(2-2) Interdepartmental with Natural Science

R: Approval of department; application required. Confocal imaging, theory and practice. Basic optics. Lasers. Light paths for transmission, florescence and reflection. Image quality, analysis and processing.

### Soil Physics

Fall of odd-numbered years. 3(2-3)

R: Open only to graduate students in College of Agriculture and Natural Resources, College of Engineering, or College of Natural Science.

Physical properties of soil including texture, structure, consistency, aeration, moisture content, and temperature. Quantitative measurement of plant growth. Agronomic and engineering practices.

#### Soil Microbiology 841.

 $Spring \ of even-numbered \ years.\ 3 (3-0) \ Interde$ partmental with Microbiology. Administered by Microbiology. P: MIC 425.

Ecology, physiology, and biochemistry of microorganisms indigenous to soil.

# Soil Chemistry

Spring. 3(3-3)

R: Open only to graduate students in College of Agriculture and Natural Resources, College of Engineering, or College of Natural Science.

Ion activities, ionic exchange and equilibrium reactions. Soil pH, macro- and micronutrients, saline soils and availability of nutrients to plants.

# Plant Mineral Nutrition

Fall of odd-numbered years. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Horticulture.

P: BOT 301.

Inorganic ion transport in plant cells and tissues. Physiological responses and adaptation to problem soils. Genetic diversity in nutrient uptake and use by plants. Physiological roles of elemental nutrients in crop growth.

#### 855. Interfacial Environmental Chemistry

Fall of even-numbered years. 4(4-0)

R: Open only to graduate students in College of Agriculture and Natural Resources, College of Engineering, or College of Natural Science.

Principles and mechanisms of reactions at solid-liquid interfaces emphasizing environmental chemistry. Sorption of ionic and organic compounds. Properties of colloids. Kinetics of surface reactions.

#### 860. Ecology and Evolution in Terrestrial Systems

Summer. 4 credits. Given only at W.K. Kellogg Biological Station. Interdepartmental with Botany and Plant Pathology, and Zoology. Administered by Botany and Plant Pathology. P: STT 422.

Field experimental and quantitative approaches to ecological and evolutionary mechanisms.

# Mineral-Water Interactions

Spring of odd-numbered years. 4(3-2) Interdepartmental with Geological Sciences. Administered by . Geological Sciences.

R: Open only to graduate students in Crop and Soil Sciences or Geological Sciences or Geography.

Mineralogy, petrology and geochemistry of fluid-rock reactions in geologic, sedimentary and geochemical cycles. Rock and mineral weathering, soil formation, genesis and burial diagenesis of sediments and sedimentary rocks, and metamorphism.

#### 865. Organic Chemistry of Soils

Spring of odd-numbered years. 2(2-0)

Chemistry of natural and anthropogenic organic substances in soils.

#### Independent Study 890.

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 6 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 8 credits in all enrollments for this course.

R: Open only to graduate students in College of Agriculture and Natural Resources, College of Engineering, or College of Natural Science.

Individual study on field, laboratory, or library research.

### 891. Current Topics in Ecology and Evolution

Summer. 1 credit. Given only at W.K. Kellogg Biological Station. A student may earn a maximum of 8 credits in all enrollments for this course. Interdepartmental with Zoology, and Botany and Plant Pathology. Administered by Zoology.

Presentation and critical evaluation of theoretical and empirical developments by visiting scientists.

# Selected Topics in Plant Breeding and

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 2 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. Interdepartmental with Horticulture and Forestry. Administered by Horticulture.

R: Open only to graduate students in Plant Breeding and Genetics or Genetics. Approval of department. Selected topics in plant breeding.

# Plant Breeding and Genetics Seminar

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1(1-0) A student may earn a maximum of 8 credits in all enrollments for this course. Interdepartmental with Horticulture and Forestry. Administered by Horticulture.

Experience in review, organization, oral presentation, and analysis of research.

#### Selected Topics 893.

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 3 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for

R: Open only to graduate students in College of Agriculture and Natural Resources, College of Engineering, or College of Natural Science.

Selected topics in crop and soil sciences of current interest and importance.

# Master's Thesis Research

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 12 credits. A stu-dent may earn a maximum of 99 credits in all enrollments for this course.

R: Open only to master's students in Crop and Soil Sciences.

### 921. Contemporary Statistical Models in Biology

Fall of odd-numbered years. 3(3-0)

P: STT 465 or approval of department. Working knowledge of SAS.

Estimating functions. Growth models, generalized linear models, linear and non-linear mixed models. Field experiments with spatial trends. Longitudinal data. Modeling in the presence of spatial and temporal correlations.

#### Advanced Forest Genetics 0.30

Fall of odd-numbered years. 2(1-2) Interdepartmental with Forestry and Horticulture. Administered by Forestry.

P: HRT 819 or HRT 836.

Applications of genetics, plant breeding, and biotechnology to the improvement, and preservation of diversity, of tree species.

#### Advanced Soil Physics 940.

Fall of even-numbered years. 2(2-0)

P: CSS 840. R: Open only to graduate students in College of Agriculture and Natural Resources, College of Engineering, or College of Natural Science.

Modelling major physical transport mechanisms in the soil profile. Aeration, temperature and solute movement. Water movement and evaporation.

# Quantitative Genetics in Plant Breeding

Spring of even-numbered years. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Forestry and Horticulture. P: CSS 450, STT 422.

Theoretical genetic basis of plant breeding with emphasis on traits exhibiting continuous variation. Classical and contemporary approaches to the study and manipulation of quantitative trait loci.

### 943. Techniques of Analyzing Unbalanced Research Data

Spring. 4(4-0) Interdepartmental with Animal Science, Forestry, Horticulture, and Fisheries and Wildlife. Administered by Animal Science.

P: STT 464. R: Open only to graduate students in the College of Agriculture and Natural Resources.

Linear model techniques to analyze research data characterized by missing and unequal number of observations in classes. Simultaneous consideration of multiple factors. Estimable comparisons. Hypothesis testing. Computational strategies. Variance and covariance components. Breeding values.

# Doctoral Dissertation Research

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 24 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 99 credits in all enrollments for this course.

R: Open only to doctoral students in Crop and Soil Sciences.

#### ES EARTH SCIENCE

# Department of Geological Sciences College of Natural Science

# Field Studies in Earth Science

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 4 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 12 credits in all enrollments for this course.

R: Approval of department.

Field experience and techniques in geological sciences, meteorology, soil science, or oceanology.

### Laboratory Investigations in Earth 446. Science

Fall, Spring, Summer, 1 to 4 credits, A student may earn a maximum of 12 credits in all enrollments for this course.

P: ES 445 or concurrently. R: Approval of department. Laboratory techniques and investigations in geological sciences, meteorology, soil science, or oceanology.

# Special Problems in Earth Science

Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 4 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 12 credits in all enrollments for this course.

R: Approval of department.

Individual faculty directed study on topics in earth science.

# **ECONOMICS**

# Department of Economics The Eli Broad College of Business and The Eli Broad Graduate School of Management

# Introduction to Microeconomics

Fall, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0) R: Not open to students with credit in EC 251H.

Economic institutions, reasoning and analysis. Consumption, production, determination of price and quantity in different markets. Income distribution, market structure and normative analysis.

#### 202. Introduction to Macroeconomics

Fall, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0)

R: Not open to students with credit in EC 252H. Determinants of Gross National Product, unemployment, inflation and economic growth. National income accounting and fiscal policy. Aggregate demand, supply management and monetary policy.

#### 210. **Economics Principles Using Calculus** Fall. 3(3-0)

P: MTH 133 or MTH 153H or MTH 126. R: Not open to students with credit in EC 201 or EC 202.

A combined microeconomics and macroeconomics course. Emphasis on topics of interest in engineering and management, such as discounting, cost-benefit analysis, innovation, externalities, and the role of government regulation.

# Microeconomics and Public Policy Fall, Spring. 4(4-0)

R: Not open to students with credit in EC 301.

Theories of consumer behavior, production and cost. Output and price determination in competition and monopolies. Welfare economics, general equilibrium, externalities, and public goods.

### 252H. Macroeconomics and Public Policy

Fall, Spring. 3(3-0)

P: EC 251H; or EC 201, EC 301. R: Not open to students with credit in EC 302.

Theory of national income, unemployment, inflation and economic growth and its application to economic analysis and policy.

### Intermediate Microeconomics 301.

Fall, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0)

P: EC 201, EC 202. R: Not open to students with credit in EC 251H.

Theories of consumer choice, production, cost, perfect competition, and monopoly. Welfare economics, general equilibrium, externalities and public goods.

# Intermediate Macroeconomics

Fall, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0)
P: EC 201, EC 202. R: Not open to students with credit in EC 252H.

National income accounting. Determination of aggregate output, employment, price level, and inflation rate. Policy implications.

#### 303. Economic Thought I

Fall. 3(3-0)

P: EC 201 or EC 251H; EC 202 or EC 252H.

Forerunners of classical economics. Classical economic thought from Adam Smith to J.S. Mill. The socialist reaction.

SA: EC 403

# Economic Thought II

Spring. 3(3-0)

P: EC 201 or EC 251H; EC 202 or EC 252H.

Decline of classical economics and rise of marginalist value and distribution theory. Marxism and institutionalism.

SA: EC 404

### 306 Comparative Economic Systems

Fall. 3(3-0)

 $\mathbf{EC}$ 

P: EC 201 or EC 251H; EC 202 or EC 252H.

Characteristics and functions of economic systems. Alternative patterns of economic control, planning, and market structure. Theories, philosophies, and experiences associated with capitalism, socialism, and mixed

#### 310. Economics of Developing Countries Spring, 3(3-0)

P. EC 201 or EC 251H

Overview of economic patterns and policy issues of developing countries such as modern economic growth and structural transformation, state controls versus markets, poverty and human welfare, investments in human resources, and trade and industrialization.

## Money, Banking, and Financial Markets

Fall, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0)

P: EC 201 or EC 251H; EC 202 or EC 252H.

Money markets and financial intermediation. Money, the Federal Reserve System, and monetary policy. Regulation of money markets.

### 335. Taxes, Government Spending and Public Policy

Fall, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Public Resource Management.

P: EC 201 or EC 251H. R: Not open to students with credit in EC 435 or EC 436.

Economics of the public sector. Public goods, externalities, design and incidence of the tax system. Equity and efficiency effects of government programs.

# Survey of International Economics

Fall, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0) P: EC 201 or EC 251H; EC 202 or EC 252H. R: Not open to students with credit in EC 440 or EC 441.

Comparative advantage. Costs and benefits of trade. International economic policies. Balance of payments. Foreign exchange markets. The international monetary system. Contemporary trade and international currency issues.

### 360. Private Enterprise and Public Policy

Fall, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0)

P: EC 201 or EC 251H.

Effects of antitrust, economic regulation, and other public policies on competition, monopoly, and other market problems in the United States economy.

### 380. Labor Relations and Labor Market Policy

Fall, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0)

P: EC 201 or EC 251H.

Development, functions, legal framework, and economic effects of unions and collective bargaining. Institutions and economic impacts of government programs. Minimum wages, workers' compensation, unemployment insurance, and antidiscrimination policies.

### 385 International Labor Market Policy and Labor Relations

Fall. 3(3-0)

P: EC 201 or EC 251H R: Not open to students with credit in EC 380.

Comparative treatment of labor policy and labor relations in the United States, Western Europe, Japan, Canada, and Australia. Analysis of how different policies affect wages, living standards, and economic efficiency. Labor markets and integration of national economies.

#### 401. Advanced Microeconomics

Fall, Spring. 3(3-0)

P. EC 301 or EC 251H.

Economics of uncertainty and incomplete information. Game theory and theories of oligopoly. Transaction costs. Advanced topics in welfare economics, general equilibrium, externalities, and public goods.