

899. Master's Thesis Research
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. Approval of department.

990. Biophysics Seminar
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 credit. May reenroll for a maximum of 3 credits. Approval of department.

999. Doctoral Dissertation Research
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. Approval of department.

**BOTANY AND
PLANT PATHOLOGY BOT**

**College of Agriculture and Natural Resources
College of Natural Science**

201. Plants, People and the Environment (N)
Fall, Spring. 3(3-0)

Relevance of plants to modern society. Basic botanical concepts and socially significant groups of plants. Natural resource exploitation. Plants as they relate to human population growth, food production, and energy resource depletion.

205. Plant Biology
Fall. 3(3-0) High school chemistry and high school algebra.

An introduction to plant science for students seeking a general knowledge of the principles of plant biology as well as for prospective plant science majors.

301. Introductory Plant Physiology
Winter, Spring. 4(2-4) CEM 141 or CEM 151; CEM 161; BOT 205 or B S 210 or LBS 141. Introductory organic chemistry recommended.

General principles of plant physiology relating plant structure to function. Topics include cell physiology, water relations, effects of light and temperature, respiration, photosynthesis, mineral nutrition, and hormone action.

302. Introductory Morphology
Fall, Winter. 4(2-4) B S 212 or approval of department.

Structures and life cycles of representative plant groups showing progressive evolutionary developments.

318. Introductory Plant Systematics
Spring. 4(2-3) BOT 302 or B S 212 or approval of department.

Plant diversity with emphasis on identification, classification, nomenclature, and evolutionary relationships of vascular plants.

335. Fossil Plants, Their History and Paleocology

Spring. 3(3-0) One course in geology or botany or biology or approval of department. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Geology.

History of plants through geologic time; their form and evolution; how and where found, identified and reconstructed; their use in determining ancient geographic patterns, paleoenvironments, paleoclimates and community structure. Field trip.

336. Economic Plants
Spring. 3(3-0)

Histories, characteristics, and origins of plants used in industrial processes, drug manufacture, and agriculture. Nontechnical to broaden student's cultural interest in plants.

400. Aquatic Plants
Fall. 3(2-3) BOT 318 or BOT 302. Students may not receive credit in both BOT 400 and BOT 423.

Aquatic plants, their classification, ecology and economic importance. Relationships to problems in fisheries, in wildlife management, and to role in limnology. Experience for student in plant ecology, aquatic biology, and water sanitation.

400H. Honors Work
Fall, Winter, Spring. 3(0-6) Approval of department; Seniors.

401. Special Problems
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 4 credits. May reenroll for a maximum of 16 credits. BOT 302, Seniors, approval of department.

Students with special ability may carry on laboratory research or study of published literature on a selected topic.

402. Introductory Mycology
Fall. 4(2-6) B S 212 or LBS 140 or approval of department.

Survey of the fungi including characteristics, habits and diversity. Background course for biology students or those expecting to specialize in microbiology, mycology, plant pathology, or other fields involving fungi.

405. Introductory Plant Pathology
Fall. 4(2-4) BOT 302 or B S 212 or approval of department. Students may not receive credit in both BOT 405 and BOT 407.

General principles of plant pathology including detailed study of selected diseases as examples of important groups.

406. Medical Mycology
Fall, Spring. 4(2-6) BOT 402 or approval of department. Interdepartmental with the Department of Microbiology and Public Health.

Characteristics, habits, and laboratory identification of fungus diseases infecting humans. Emphasis on laboratory techniques and morphological characteristics of the various mycoses.

407. Diseases of Forest and Shade Trees
Spring. 4(3-2) BOT 301; BOT 302; BOT 318 or FOR 204. Students may not receive credit in both BOT 405 and BOT 407.

Diseases which affect trees in forests, parks, suburbs and nurseries, and methods of control.

408. Freshwater Ecology
Summer. 6 credits. B S 212 or approval of department. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station. Interdepartmental with Biological Science and the Department of Zoology. Administered by Biological Science.

The ecology of freshwater ecosystems, their biotic structure, and the functional interrelationships of environmental variables regulating population dynamics, productivity and community structure. Extensive field investigations.

409. Plant Disease Control
(883.) Winter of odd-numbered years. 3(3-0) BOT 405.

Principals and methods in controlling plant diseases. Considerable emphasis is placed on the chemistry of fungicides, and their role in controlling plant diseases. Other factors affecting disease epidemiology are covered.

410. Terrestrial Ecology
Summer. 6 credits. B S 212 or approval of department. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station. Interdepartmental with Biological Science and the Department of Zoology and administered by Biological Science. Extensive field investigations of several types of terrestrial communities. Interrelationship of plants, animals, and environment. Factors determining distribution and abundance.

411. Systematic Botany
Summer. 4(2-6) B S 212 or approval of department. Students may not receive credit in both BOT 411 and BOT 425.

Taxonomy, identification, and evolutionary relationships of vascular plants, illustrated by the local flora; extensive field studies.

413. Environmental Plant Physiology
Fall. 3(3-0) B S 210 or LBS 141 or BOT 205.

Major topics include plant-soil-water relationships, gas exchange, and stress physiology. Minor topics include mineral nutrition and energy budgets.

414. Plant Physiology: Metabolism
Fall. 5(3-4) CEM 241; B S 210 or LBS 141 or BOT 205; BOT 301.

General principles underlying plant metabolic processes. Nutrient requirements, photosynthesis, translocation, respiration, nitrogen metabolism, and structures associated with these processes.

415. Plant Physiology: Growth and Development
Spring. Summer of even-numbered years. 5(3-4) BOT 414 or approval of department.

Growth and development in plants. Topics include the chemistry and effects of hormones, tropisms, thermoperiodicity, reproduction, vernalization and photoperiodism, photomorphogenesis, dormancy, and biological clocks.

421. Field Studies of Freshwater Algae
Summer. 3 credits. Students may not receive credit in both BOT 421 and BOT 447. One year of botany or zoology or approval of department. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station.

An ecological approach to the study of freshwater algae. Algal taxonomy, morphology, life histories and distribution. Emphasis on 'ecological indicator' groups. Extensive field collections. Methods of collection, preservation, and enumeration.

423. Introduction to Aquatic and Wetland Plants
Summer. 3 credits. Students may not receive credit in both BOT 423 and BOT 400. One year of botany or approval of department. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station.

Extensive exposure to plants in aquatic environments. Emphasis on systematics, morphology, evolution and community relations. Survey of diverse wetland and aquatic habitats with numerous field trips.

**Descriptions – Botany and Plant Pathology
of
Courses**

425. Field Plant Systematics

Summer. 6 credits. Students may not receive credit in both BOT 425 and BOT 411. One year of botany or approval of department. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station.

Classification, evolution, distribution and biology of vascular plants. Emphasis on field-recognition, identification, collection, and research techniques. Numerous field trips to diverse habitats for common, rare, native, and introduced plants; research projects.

427. Cell Biology

Fall. 4(4-0) BCH 200 and one year of general botany or general zoology.

Organization and structure of the cell, with emphasis on eukaryotes. Structure and function of the nucleus and cytoplasmic organelles. An introduction to molecular biology.

434. Plant Anatomy

Fall. Summer of even-numbered years. 4(2-4) BOT 302.

Principles underlying the differentiation and growth of vegetative plant structures with special emphasis upon their functional and developmental genetic relationships.

441. Geographical Plant Ecology

Winter. 3(3-0) BOT 205 or BOT 302 or B S 212 or approval of department.

Distribution and ecology of plants and plant communities in Polar, temperate and tropical regions with emphasis on North America. Geological history and environmental factors which influence distribution. Island biogeography.

447. Fresh Water Algae

Spring. 4(2-4) One year botany or zoology. Primarily for students in Fisheries Biology, Wildlife Management and Sanitary Engineering. Students may not receive credit in both BOT 421 and BOT 447.

Identification of fresh water algae, especially those forms concerned with fish food problems, water contamination and limnology. Methods for making analyses of samples for biological survey work on lakes and streams. Economic aspects and life histories of the algae.

450. Ecology

Spring. 4(2-4) BOT 318; BOT 301 or BOT 414.

Interrelationship of plants and environment. Factors which govern their distribution.

470. Nematode Diseases of Economic Plants

Spring. 4(3-3) B S 212 or BOT 205. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Entomology.

Major nematode diseases of economically important plants, with emphasis on diagnostic symptoms, nematode biology and principles of control.

490. Special Topics in Plant Pathology

Fall, Winter, Spring. 2 to 5 credits. May reenroll for a maximum of 6 credits if different topics are taken. Approval of department.

Topics may be selected from the following areas: genetics, parasitism, virology, disease control, phyto bacteriology, nematology, epidemiology, physiology, soil microbiology, and others.

491. Selected Topics in Botany

Fall, Winter, Spring. 2 to 5 credits. May reenroll for a maximum of 6 credits if different topics are taken. Approval of department.

Topics may be selected from ecology, systematics, evolution, physiology, cytology, mycology, bryology, phycology, lichenology, anatomy, morphology, genetics, and others.

499. Senior Seminar

Winter. 1(1-0) May reenroll for a maximum of 3 credits. B S 212 and 1 course in botany or approval of department.

Reports by students, faculty, and guest lecturers, with emphasis on current developments in research.

800. Special Problems in Taxonomy

Fall, Winter, Spring. 1 to 15 credits. Approval of department.

801. Special Problems in Anatomy and Morphology

Fall, Winter, Spring. 1 to 15 credits. Approval of department.

802. Special Problems in Pathology

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 15 credits. Approval of department.

803. Special Problems in Physiology

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 15 credits. Approval of department.

805. Special Problems in Mycology

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 15 credits. Approval of department.

806. Special Problems in Cytology and Genetics

Fall, Winter, Spring. 1 to 15 credits. Approval of department.

807. Special Problems in Algae

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 15 credits. Approval of department.

809. Special Problems in Ecology

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 15 credits. Approval of department.

812. Principles of Plant Disease Epidemiology

Winter of even-numbered years. 3(4-0) BOT 402, BOT 405; or approval of department.

Quantitative and qualitative analysis of pathogen, host, and environmental interactions at the individual and population level. Synthesis of these interactions into a quantitative description of the disease process.

813. Special Problems

Fall, Winter, Spring. 1 to 4 credits. May reenroll for a maximum of 16 credits. Approval of department.

816. Industrial Mycology

Winter of odd-numbered years. 3(2-4) BOT 402 or approval of department.

Industrially important fungi, their uses and characteristics. Methods of commercial production, including acids, enzymes, cheeses, mushrooms, and antibiotics. Several field trips will be taken.

820. Ecology of Hydrophytes

Summer of every third year; given in 1977. 3 credits. BOT 400 and BOT 447 or approval of department. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station.

Physiological and ecological relationships of periphyton, macroalgae, and vascular aquatic plants; field and laboratory methods of analysis of growth factors.

823. Plant Taxonomy I

Fall of odd-numbered years. 4(3-3) BOT 318; ZOL 441 recommended.

First course of a series on classification and relationships of vascular plants. Family characteristics, patterns, geographic distribution, and evolutionary trends are stressed. Contributions from classical taxonomy, cytotoxicology and experimental taxonomy are discussed.

824. Plant Taxonomy II

Winter of even-numbered years. 4(3-3) BOT 823.

Second course of a series on classification and relationships of vascular plants.

825. Tropical Biology: An Ecological Approach

Winter, Summer. 12 credits. Approval of department and acceptance by Organization for Tropical Studies. Interdepartmental with the Department of Zoology.

An introduction in the field to the principles of ecology as they operate in the tropics, especially concerning the tropical environment and biota, ecologic relations, communities and evolution in the tropics. Given in Costa Rica by Organization for Tropical Studies.

828. Cytogenetics

Winter of even-numbered years. 4(2-4) BOT 427 or ZOL 441 or approval of department.

Detailed discussions of mitosis and meiosis; mechanisms of chromosome movement; fine structure of chromosomes and spindle apparatus; changes of chromosome number and structure and their genetic significance.

830. Paleobotany

Fall. 4(3-4) Approval of department. Interdepartmental with the Department of Geology.

Survey of fossil plants: their preservation, occurrence, geology, paleogeography, paleoecology, evolutionary history, classification and representative types. One weekend field trip to fossil plant locality.

831. Palynology

Spring. 4(3-4) Approval of department. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Geology.

An introduction to the principles and techniques of spore and pollen analysis, both fossil and recent, and utilization of plant micro-fossils for stratigraphic determinations and paleoecologic interpretations of most sedimentary accumulations and rocks. Includes certain algae, protozoans, similar organisms of uncertain affinity and dissociated fragments of larger organisms.

835. Morphogenesis of Reproductive Structures

Spring of even-numbered years. 4(2-4) BOT 434.

Principles underlying the differentiation and growth of reproductive plant structures with special emphasis upon their functional and developmental genetic relationships.

- 836. Advanced Mycology: Biology of the Phycomycetes**
Spring of even-numbered years. 3(3-0)
BOT 402 and approval of department.
Selected topics on the biology of phycomycetous fungi.
- 837. Advanced Mycology: Ascomycetes**
Fall of even-numbered years. 4(2-6)
BOT 402.
Morphological features and adaptations of the major groups of ascomycetous fungi and the imperfect fungi. Evolutionary trends and relationships with reference to recent classification schemes.
- 838. Advanced Paleobotany**
Winter. 3(2-4) Approval of department. Interdepartmental with the Department of Geology.
Morphology, anatomy, phylogenetic relationships and classification of fossil plants. Microscopic analysis of tissues and organs prepared by thin section, transfers, peels, polished and etched surfaces, and macerations.
- 839. Population Ecology**
Summer of even-numbered years. 3 credits. May reenroll for a maximum of 6 credits. Approval of department. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Zoology.
A field-experimental approach to the study of adaptations. Selected topics will deal with population growth, competition, predation, mutation, community structure and species abundance.
- 841. Physiology of the Algae**
Fall of even-numbered years. 3(3-0)
Approval of department.
Physiology, chemistry, biochemistry, and aspects of the ultra-structure of the various algal divisions. Discussion of use of algae for the study of classical physiological and developmental problems.
- 846. Seminar in Plant Pathology**
Fall, Winter, Spring. 1(1-0) Approval of department.
- 850. Agrostology**
Fall of even-numbered years. 3(1-4)
One year of botany or approval of department.
Comprehensive treatment of the systematics, evolution, ecology, geography and economic significance of the grass family; including pertinent aspects of genetics, cytology, anatomy and physiology.
- 852. Plant Population Ecology**
Fall of odd-numbered years. 4(4-0)
BOT 450 or ZOL 389, SIT 422, 1 term of calculus.
The dynamics, evolution, regulation, and distribution of plant populations; subject matter interfaces with plant genetics, plant systematics, and plant physiology.
- 855. Effects of Ionizing Radiations on Plants**
Spring of odd-numbered years. 3(3-0)
Approval of department.
Nature of ionizing radiations related to their effects upon plant growth and development including aspects of radiation sensitivity; dosimetry, direct and indirect effects, genetic, evolution and environmental implications related to modes of action at the cell, organism, and population levels.
Approved through Winter 1984.
- 863. Advanced Environmental Physiology**
Winter. 3(3-0) BOT 413 or approval of department.
The plant in relation to its environment: energy exchange; coupling between CO₂ assimilation and transpiration; hydraulics in the stationary and nonstationary states; transport of ions, carbohydrates, and hormones; stress physiology.
- 864. Plant Biochemistry**
Spring. 4(4-0) BCH 401, BOT 301 or approval of department. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Biochemistry.
Metabolism of nitrogen-compounds, carbohydrates, and lipids unique to plants' cell organelles; photosynthesis; photorespiration; dark respiration; cell walls; lectins; nitrogen cycle including nitrogen fixation; sulfur cycle.
- 865. Advanced Growth and Development**
Fall. 3(3-0) BOT 415 or approval of department.
Advanced treatment of the physiological processes of growth and development. The mechanism underlying these processes and the roles played by hormones, light, etc., in controlling them will be analyzed.
- 871. Biology of Nematodes**
Spring. 4(2-6) ENT 470 or approval of department. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Entomology.
Ontogeny, taxonomy, morphology, pathology and ecology of nematodes, with special reference to plant-parasitic and phytopathogenic species.
- 878. Comparative Limnology**
(478.) Summer of odd-numbered years. 6 credits. Approval of department. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Zoology.
Theoretical concepts and methods of analysis of environmental parameters influencing productivity of freshwaters. Comparative field investigations of lakes, streams, and other aquatic habitats.
- 880. Plant Virology**
Fall of odd-numbered years. 5(2-6)
BOT 405 or approval of department.
External and internal symptomatology, transmission, interactions, purifications, assay and serology of plant viruses.
- 881. Pathogenesis and Disease Resistance**
Winter of odd-numbered years. 4(3-2)
BOT 405 and BOT 415, or approval of department.
Lectures, readings, and discussions on mechanisms of pathogenicity and infectivity; physiology and biochemistry of disease development; tumorigenesis; metabolic consequences of infection; nature of disease resistance; and parasitism.
- 882. Genetics of Host/Parasite Interactions**
Winter of even-numbered years. 3(3-0)
ZOL 441, BOT 405.
Inheritance of resistance and susceptibility, virulence and avirulence; types of resistance, aggressiveness in parasites; use of genetics in studies of host/parasite interactions, practical application in disease control.
- 885. Plant Diseases in the Field**
Spring. 4 credits. BOT 405 and approval of department.
Diagnosis, distribution, and sequential development of plant diseases in the field. Field trips permit observation of diseases in the natural setting.
- 890. Selected Topics in Plant Pathology**
Fall, Winter, Spring. 2 to 5 credits.
Approval of department.
Topics will be selected from the following areas: parasitism, plant viruses, ecology, genetics, nematology, fungicidal action, and soil microbiology.
- 891. Selected Topics in Botany**
Fall, Winter, Spring. 2 to 5 credits.
May reenroll for a maximum of 6 credits if different topics are taken. Approval of department.
Topics may be selected from ecology, systematics, evolution, physiology, cytology, mycology, bryology, phycology, lichenology, anatomy, morphology, genetics, and others.
- 899. Master's Thesis Research**
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. Approval of department.
Research in anatomy, bryology, cytology, ecology, genetics, lichenology, morphology, mycology, paleobotany, pathology, phycology, physiology, and taxonomy.
- 918. Advanced Genetics**
Winter of odd-numbered years. 3(3-0)
Approval of department.
Role of the gene in differentiation and development, with special emphasis upon the genetic mechanisms responsible for the control of phenogenesis.
- 920. Advanced Plant Taxonomy**
Spring of even-numbered years. 4(4-0)
BOT 824, ZOL 441.
Consideration of the recent scientific developments affecting plant classification.
- 930. Advanced Plant Ecology**
Winter of odd-numbered years; Summer of even-numbered years. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station summer term. 3(2-4)
Approval of department.
Fundamental theories and modern research horizons.
- 999. Doctoral Dissertation Research**
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. Approval of department.
Research in anatomy, bryology, cytology, ecology, genetics, lichenology, morphology, mycology, paleobotany, pathology, phycology, physiology, and taxonomy.

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

See Agricultural Engineering.