914. Comparative Public Administration
Winter. 4(3-0) Majors or approval of department.
Comparative study of the administrative systems of major nations. Analysis of the manner in which these patterns have been transplanted into dependent and developing countries and of the subsequent modifications of these patterns. Social and cultural setting of administration.

921. Judicial Systems
Winter of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Structure and functions of judicial systems, including both American state and federal courts and those of other countries. Interrelationships between courts, administration of judicial personnel as well as judges and analysts of judicial decision-making processes.

922. Judicial Behavior
Fall of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Design and execution of research in judicial decision making. Projects include both individual and group work, and field as well as library research. Critical evaluation of reports of other research investigations with which seminar projects articulate.

931. Political Groups and Movements
Fall of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Operation of interest groups, sociopolitical movements, cliques, and junta. Interests and ideologies underlying these groups and channeling of their demands into the political system. Basis, growth, and internal politics of political groups and movements and their relation to formation of public policy and governmental institutions.

932. Legislative Process
Spring of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Behavior of legislative bodies in the context of the political system, including other governmental institutions. Selection and legislative roles of legislators, and legislative decision making.

933. Political Parties
Fall of odd-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Operation of political parties in the political system. Relationship between party organization, electoral system, and the recruitment and advancement of political leaders. Interaction between parties and other political groups.

934. Voting Behavior, Political Attitudes and Public Opinion
Spring of odd-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Study of the voting behavior of electorates and decision-making bodies; of political attitudes and opinions; and of the relationships among political attitudes, popular voting, and public policies.

935. Seminar in Political Socialization
Fall, Winter, Spring. 4(3-0)
Processes and agents of political socialization; mechanisms of learning and differential influence of various agents of socialization; subgroup and comparative political socialization; socialization to new political roles.

941. Metropolitan Area Government and Politics
Fall of odd-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Core city and suburbia, issues and politics resulting from rapid urbanization, causes and effects of urban-central city frictions; the search for decision-making machinery in metropolitan areas.

942. Federalism and Intergovernmental Relations
Winter of odd-numbered years. 4(3-0)
How federal systems originate and are maintained; patterns in allocations of power between national and state levels; the political processes involved in intergovernmental relations, cooperative federalism, trends in American federalism.

943. Community Decision Making
Winter of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Discussion and critique of the power structure literature, emphasis on methods of studying community elites.

944. State Government and Politics Seminar
Spring of odd-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Comparative study of state governments based on resources and other aggregate characteristics, political organization and behavior. Models of political process, governmental structure variables and their relation to policy outputs.

953. The Politics of Selected Areas
Winter of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)
May reenroll for a maximum of 12 credits. Approval of department. Analysis in depth, using comparative theory and method, of political systems and changes in selected administrative or cultural areas.

955. Federalism and Intergovernmental Relations
Winter of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Systematic analysis of selected works of such classical political philosophers as Plato, Aristotle and others whose work provides both an understanding of the premodern political perspective of the Western World and the philosophical underpinnings of modern political thought.

964. Modern Political Thought
Spring of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Systematic analysis of selected works of such writers as Machiavelli, Hobbes, Locke, Montesquieu, Hume, Rousseau, Burke, Mill, Marx or other political philosophers. Special attention is given to those writers or works relevant to understanding the philosophical foundations of contemporary social science and ideology.

971. American Political Thought
Fall of odd-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Study of the thinkers and social forces which have shaped American political ideology.

972. Seminar in Political Socialization
Fall, Winter, Spring. 4(3-0) May reenroll for a maximum of 12 credits. PLS 680 or approval of department. Analysis in depth of such topics as individual political choice, collective choice and decision making, political coalitions, political leadership, political communication and diffusion processes, political integration and differentiation, equality and inequality, and interaction models of conflict.
608. Psychiatry and Behavioral Science Clerkship
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 2 to 12 credits. Admission to a college of medicine, grade P in all courses in terms 1 through 8 for College of Osteopathic Medicine students. Contemporary practice of psychiatry utilizing supervised in-patient, out-patient, emergency and community mental health services.

609. Sub-Specialty Clerkship
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 4 to 16 credits. May reenroll for a maximum of 16 credits. Sub-specialty experiences in Psychiatry in clinical settings.

PSYCHOLOGY

College of Human Medicine
College of Social Science

139. Psychology of Women
Winter, Spring. 3(3-0) Primarily for Freshmen and Sophomores.
Psychological development of sex-typed behavior and sex differences in cognitive and personality functioning; reproductve behavior; impact of social expectations on self-concept, achievement and affiliation orientations, and life decisions.

160. Introductory Psychology: Social-Personality
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0)
The complex functioning of the individual in his social environment will be considered. Topics include: socialization, interpersonal perception, group processes, motives, emotions, attitudes, and values. Students may participate in psychological experiments outside of class.

170. Introductory Psychology: General
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 4(3-0)
Principles underlying the behavior of humans and animals. Topics include: cognition, emotion, motivation, learning, sensation, and perception. Students may participate in psychological experiments outside of class.

215. Introduction to Psychological Measurement
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 4(3-2)
PSY 160 or PSY 170.
Psychology as a quantitative discipline: graphical presentation and interpretation; psychological data in various content fields; methods of summarizing behavioral data, samples, populations and probability in psychological research; hypothesis testing.

225. Psychology of Personality
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0)
PSY 160 or PSY 170 or TE 200 or Sophomores with approval of department.
Application of psychologica principles to an introduction understanding of personality and interpersonal adjustments; social motivation, frustration, conflicts, and adjustment mechanisms; theories of adjustment, the assessment of personality, problems of mental hygiene and some theories of psychotherapy.

244. Developmental Psychology: Infancy through Childhood
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 4(4-0)
PSY 160 or PSY 170 or TE 100.
Developmental psychology of the infant and child including biological, social, cognitive, moral, perceptual and cultural development: relations with care givers and peers as well as development of individual characteristics.

246. Sensitivity to Children I
Fall, 3-2-2 To receive credit PSY 246, PSY 247, PSY 248 must be completed satisfactorily except by prior arrangement with instructor. Sophomores and 3 credits in psychology.
Three-term sequence emphasizes supervised weekly play with a child and analysis of videotaped recordings. Readings and discussions cover problems faced by child therapist, teachers and parents.

247. Sensitivity to Children II
Winter, 3-2-2 To receive credit PSY 246, PSY 247, PSY 248 must be completed satisfactorily except by prior arrangement with instructor. PSY 246.
Continuation of PSY 246.

248. Sensitivity to Children III
Spring, 3-2-2 To receive credit PSY 246, PSY 247, PSY 248 must be completed satisfactorily. PSY 247.
Continuation of PSY 247.

255. Organizational and Personnel Psychology
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0)
Introductory course in psychology. The psychology of managing and leading, personnel operations, and the humanizing of work organizations.

291. Independent Study: Research Participation
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 3 credits. May reenroll for a maximum of 6 credits. PSY 160 or PSY 170.
Student participates as an assistant in an ongoing psychological research project under the direction of a staff member in order to become familiar with the procedures of psychological research.

300. Cognitive Psychology
Winter, 4(4-0) PSY 170, PSY 215, 10 credits of psychology or approval of department.
Concepts, theories, methods and research findings in human information processing and cognition, including attention, memory, intelligence, problem solving, decision making, language, and reading.

301. Human Learning and Memory
Winter, Spring, Summer. 4(4-0) PSY 170, PSY 215 or a college level mathematics or statistics course.
Concepts, procedures, issues, and principles involved in the acquisition, retention, transfer, and execution of verbal learning, identification learning, and perceptual-motor skills.

309N. Fundamentals of Physiological Psychology
(S09N) Fall, Spring. 3(3-0) CEM 114, PSY 240.
For students in the natural and life sciences. Students may not receive credit in both PSY 309N and PSY 309N.
Central nervous system functional anatomy and physiological bases of behavior, including neural and hormonal control of behaviors, reproduction, hunger and thirst.

309S. Survey of Physiological Psychology
(S09S) Fall, Spring. 3(3-0) PSY 170. For students in the social sciences and liberal arts. Student may not receive credit in both PSY 309N and PSY 309S.
Current topics in behavioral biology, including: the physiology of learning and memory; hormones and behavior; and human neurophysiology.

312. Learning and Motivation
Fall, Winter, Spring. Odd numbered years. 3(3-0) PSY 170, PSY 215, PSY 312 concurrently.
Detailed analysis of basic conditioning processes such as reinforcement, discrimination, generalization, punishment, adverse behavior, and theories of learning. Emphasis on infinitesimal data, but applications to human behavioral modification are considered.

313. Experimental Psychology: Learning and Motivation
Fall, Winter, Spring. Odd numbered years. 3(3-0) PSY 170, PSY 215, PSY 312 concurrently.
Representative experiments in operant behavior, including an individual project selected by the student, using the pigeon as the laboratory animal.

316. Sensory Processes
Winter. 3(3-0) PSY 170; PSY 215 or a college-level mathematics or statistics course.
Sensory organs and their associated neural systems as they relate to sensory phenomena; emphasis on vision. Review of major methodologies.

317. Perception
Fall. 3(3-0) PSY 170.
Concepts, principles, results, and applications in perception; emphasis on vision.

335. Principles of Social Psychology
Fall, Winter, Spring. 4(4-0) PSY 160. Students may not earn credit in both PSY 335 and SOC 251.
A critical survey of social psychology with emphasis on psychological principles underlying social behavior. Topics include social perception, motivation, attitudes and attitude change; social interaction in small groups and in large scale organizations.

336. Psychology of Social Movements
Fall, Spring. 3(3-0)
Psychology of political, religious, and other social movements: group identifications and affiliations, socialization, conversation, and detection; the perception of social movements by members; influences of motivation and personality on ideologies and social movements.

337. Legal and Criminal Psychology
Fall, Winter, Spring. 3(3-0) PSY 160 or TE 200.
Application of psychological principles, methods and techniques to legal and criminal problems and procedures, including the formation, detection, prevention, and rehabilitation of criminal behavior, testing of legal arguments, trial tactics and the other courtroom procedures.

344. Developmental Psychology: Adolescence and Youth
Winter, Spring. Summer. 3(3-0) PSY 244.
Continuation of PSY 244 covering development during adolescence and youth with emphasis on problems of identity and adjustment to the social environment.