The text contains descriptions of various political science courses offered at the University of Michigan, including topics such as American National Government, Comparative Politics, International Relations, Research Methods, and more. The courses cover a wide range of subjects including political theory, comparative politics, public administration, and political behavior, among others.

For example, the course "American National Government" is described as a major aspect of national government, with emphasis on the policy-making process. Similarly, "Comparative Politics" introduces students to political systems in western and non-western nations. "International Relations" focuses on contemporary world affairs and includes topics such as war and peace.

The document also includes descriptions of courses like "Public Policy Analysis" and "The American Judicial Process," which are designed to give students a deeper understanding of policy-making and legal processes, respectively.

Overall, the text provides a comprehensive overview of the political science curriculum at the University of Michigan, highlighting the diverse range of topics and the depth of analysis offered in each course.

This information is valuable for anyone interested in pursuing a career in political science, as it provides insights into the breadth of knowledge and skills that students can expect to acquire in this field.
339. Political Socialization  
Fall, Winter, Spring. 4(3-0)  
The development of political attitudes in children; changes in content over time; the influence of the family, school, peers; group differences in political attitudes; political socialization through the life cycle.

340. Theories of Comparative Politics  
Fall, Winter, Spring. 4(3-0)  
Alternative methods for comparative cross-cultural analyses of political systems. Political structures, functions, cultures, stability and change. The problem of equivalence.

IDC. Contemporary Problems of South Asia  
For course description, see Interdisciplinary Courses.

344. The Politics of Developing Areas  
Spring. 4(3-0)  
Process of political growth in emergent societies of the world; stresses of change and flux resulting from economic development in relation to the structure and dynamism of government.

345. Political Institutions and Behavior in South Asia  
Fall of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)  
Political ideas and institutions in India, Pakistan, and related territories; analysis of constitutional development, political parties, legislatures, administration, planning, foreign policy and their interaction with the social system.

347. African Politics  
Winter of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)  
Political practices and perspectives in Africa. Special attention to emerging independent nations of Subsaharan Africa. Analyses of socio-political change, nationalism, cultural duality, nation-building, pan-Africanism.

348. Major African Political Systems  
Spring of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)  
Systematic analysis of three or four specific African political systems, with countries chosen on the basis of their contemporary importance and their representativeness of the general political problems of the area.

349. Politics of English Speaking Democracies  
Spring. 4(3-0)  
Political institutions and development of the English speaking nations. Special attention to Great Britain, Canada and the U.S. parliamentary systems, parties, pressure groups, and problems of these societies.

350. The Governments and Politics of Latin America  
Winter of odd-numbered years. 4(3-0)  
Survey of politics in the area, competing ideologies, types of revolutions, sources of instability, party and interest group developments, relationship between political, social, and economic structures, and relationships between the United States and Latin America.

351. Major Latin American Political Systems  
Spring of odd-numbered years. 4(3-0)  
Systematic analysis of three or four specific Latin American political systems, with countries chosen on the basis of their contemporary importance and representativeness of the general political problems of the area.

352. Political Institutions and Behavior in East Asia  
Winter of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)  
China, Japan, and Korea. Political ideas, institutions and practices in societies of East Asia. Dynamics of political organization; role of competing ideologies and systems of behavior; interaction of domestic and foreign policies.

353. Political Institutions and Behavior in Southeast Asia  
Spring of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)  
Philippines, Indonesia, Malaysia, Thailand, Vietnam, Cambodia, Laos, Burma.

355. Western European Political Institutions and Behavior  
Fall. 4(3-0)  
Analysis of parliamentary systems of Britain and selected European societies. Basic institutions, socioeconomic conditions, recruitment of leadership, pressure groups, and party organization and tactics, voting behavior. Policy making, roles of executive, legislature and bureaucracy.

357. European Political Institutions and Behavior  
Winter. 4(3-0)  
Continuation of 356. Attention to European countries not previously treated. Emphasis on dynamics of political organization and behavior in these societies.

358. Soviet Political Institutions and Behavior  
Fall of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)  
Study of Soviet society as a political system; its origins, development, institutions, functioning, and trends. Comparisons will be made with other political systems.

359. Eastern European Governments  
Winter of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)  
Comparative analysis of East-European socialist countries, their political cultures, institutions, problems, policies, and trends of development.

362. Theory and Practice of Foreign Policy  
Fall, Spring. 4(3-0)  
Systematic analysis of the dynamics of contemporary world politics. Major theories and concepts of foreign policy-making and international politics. Case study of factors shaping foreign policy in various states. Examination of current and recurrent problems.

363. International Law  
Fall. 4(3-0)  
Origins and development of international law. Legal interstate relationships in time of peace and war. Recognition of states and governments; diplomatic practice; treaties; war; neutrality.

364. International Organization  
Winter. 4(3-0)  

365. The United States in World Affairs  
Winter, Spring. 4(3-0)  
Resources, policies, and role of the United States as a great power. Contemporary United States foreign policy in the key and critical areas of the world. Major factors affecting future course of American foreign policy.

367. Foreign Policies of Major Powers  
Winter. 4(3-0)  
Examination of the foreign policies and decision-making processes of major powers, such as the Soviet Union, China, Great Britain, France, Japan, and India. Analysis of their foreign policy goals, the role of ideology, national interest, and institutions.

370. Classics of Political Thought  
Fall. 4(3-0)  
Political ideas of Plato, Aristotle, Cicero, Augustus, Aquinas, and other leading political philosophers of classical Greece, Rome, and Christianity through the medieval period.

371. Classics of Political Thought  
Winter. 4(3-0)  
Political ideas of Machiavelli, Hobbes, Locke, Montesquieu, Rousseau, and other leading political philosophers whose works are fundamental in understanding such modern political ideologies as liberalism, socialism, and communism.

375. Comparative Communisms—Theory  
Winter, Summer. 4(3-0)  

376. Comparative Communisms—Practice  
Spring. 4(3-0)  
Communist practice: The history of the Comintern. Communist unity and diversity. The relation of Communist governments or parties to the USSR and the People's Republic of China.

377. American Political Thought  
Fall. 4(3-0)  
Colonial times to the Civil War. Roger Williams, Thomas Jefferson, John Adams, and John C. Calhoun will be discussed in the context of major political issues.

378. American Political Thought  
Winter, Summer. 4(3-0)  
Civil War to the present. Henry George, Edward Bellamy, Thorstein Veblen, and John Dewey will be discussed in the context of major political issues.

380. Foundations of Modern Political Theory  
Winter. Spring. 4(3-0)  
Major ideas in the social sciences which have been or may be utilized in development of systematic theories of political institutions and behavior.

381. Foundations of Modern Political Theory  
Fall. 4(3-0)  
Continuation of 380.

IDC. Survey of Sub-Saharan Africa  
For course description, see Interdisciplinary Courses.
404. **Selected Aspects of State and Local Government**
   Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 5(3-0)
   May re-enroll for a maximum of 15 credits. Political science Seniors or approval of department.
   Covers different subjects at different times such as community decision making, metropolitan problems, and intergovernmental relations.

410. **Politics of Schools**
   Fall. 4(3-2)
   Description and explanation of authority structures in schools. Examination of alternative philosophical bases of school organization and behavior. Explanation of the political context and consequences of findings on educational issues. Covers different subjects at different times such as psychological theories, principles, methods and attributes, decision making, public opinion, and public administration. Interdepartmental with the Psychology Department.

415. **Advanced Seminar in Policy and Bureaucracy**
   Fall, Spring. 5(3-0) Political science Seniors or approval of department.
   Special aspects of public administrative processes and organization, with special reference to particular policy areas and the policy process.

420. **Judicial Policy Making and Behavior**
   Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 5(3-0)
   Political science Seniors or approval of department.
   Analysis of policy making by judicial systems. Research theory and methods in judicial behavior. Socialization of judges, and the relationship between judicial attributes, and judicial ideologies and attitudes and values.

430. **Seminar in Political Organization and Behavior**
   Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 5(3-0)
   May re-enroll for a maximum of 15 credits. Political science Seniors or approval of department.
   Covers different subjects at different times such as legislative behavior, electoral behavior, and public opinion.

437. **Psychology of Political Behavior**
   Fall, Winter, Spring. 3(2-0) PSY 335 or SOC 251 or six credits in sociology or political science. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Psychology.
   Psychological theories, principles, methods and techniques applied to political behavior; belief systems; personality influences; decision making, psychological patterns in legislative voting; public opinion; interdepartmental and international relations and tensions.

454. **Special Topics in Comparative Politics**
   Fall. 5(3-0) May re-enroll for a maximum of 15 credits. Political science Seniors or approval of department.
   Comparative analysis of various topics, such as political recruitment, elites, urbanization, and totalitarian systems.
903. Advanced Problems of Political Research
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 4(3-0)
May re-enroll for a maximum of 12 credits. Approval of department.
Analysis of special problems in political research. Such areas as the philosophic basis of political science, the nature of political research and in-depth study of research techniques and strategies may be covered.

911. Theory of Administrative Organization
Fall of odd-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Analysis of some recent contributions by the behavioral sciences to formal organization theory.

914. Comparative Public Administration
Winter of odd-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Comparative study of the administrative systems of major nations. Analysis of the manner in which these patterns have been transplanted into dependent and developing countries and of the subsequent modifications of these patterns. Social and cultural setting of administration.

921. Judicial Systems
Winter of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Structure and functions of judicial systems, including both state and federal courts and those of other countries. Interrelationships between courts, administration of judicial business, support and public service, as well as judges and analysis of judicial decision-making processes.

922. Judicial Behavior
Fall of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Design and evaluation of research in judicial decision making. Projects include both individual and group work, and field as well as library research. Critical evaluation of reports of other research investigations with which seminar projects articulate.

923. Judicial Decision Making
Spring of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Comparative survey of substantive findings of the empirical studies in judicial attitudes, ideologies, values, and decision-making behavior. Contributions of other social sciences to the description of decision-making processes, and to the construction of systematic theories and models.

924. Judicial Policy Making
Fall of odd-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Role of the judiciary as policy maker in legislative reapportionment, racial integration, secularism in public education or other issues. Interrelationships among judges and chief executives, legislators, administrators, political party and interest group leaders. Connections between legal concepts of judicial review and of judicial activism and restraint are examined as they relate to theories of representation.

931. Political Groups and Movements
Fall of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Operation of interest groups, sociopolitical movements, cliques, and junta. Interests and ideologies underlying these groups and channeling of their demands into the political system. Basis of internal politics of political groups and movements and their relation to formation of public policy and governmental institutions.

932. Legislative Process
Spring of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Behavior of legislative bodies in the political system, including other governmental institutions. Selection and legislative roles of legislators, and legislative decision making.

933. Political Parties
Fall of odd-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Operation of political parties in the political system. Relationship between party organization, electoral system, and the recruitment and advancement of political leaders. Interaction between parties and other political groups.

934. Voting Behavior, Political Attitudes and Public Opinion
Spring of odd-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Study of the voting behavior of electorates and decision-making bodies, of political attitudes and opinions, and of the relationships among political attitudes, popular voting, and public policies.

935. Seminar in Political Socialization
Fall, Winter, Spring. 4(3-0)
Processes and agents of political socialization; mechanisms of learning and differential influence of various agents of socialization; subgroup and comparative political socialization; socialization to new political roles.

941. Metropolitan Area Government and Politics
Fall of odd-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Core city and suburbs, issues and politics resulting from rapid urbanization, causes and effects of suburban-central city frictions; the search for decision-making machinery in metropolitan areas.

942. Federalism and Intergovernmental Relations
Winter of odd-numbered years. 4(3-0)
How federal systems originate and are maintained; patterns in allocations of power between national and state governments; the processes involved in intergovernmental relations, cooperative federalism, trends in American federalism.

943. Community Decision Making
Winter of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Discussion and critique of the power structure literature; emphasis on methods of studying community elites.

944. State Government and Politics Seminar
Spring of odd-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Comparative study of state governments based on resources, values and other aggregate characteristics; political organization and behavior. Models of political process, governmental structure variables and their relation to policy outputs.

951. Comparative Political Systems
Winter of odd-numbered years. 4(3-0)
May re-enroll for a maximum of 12 credits. Comparative analysis of those characteristics of human societies which affect political institutions and activity. Useful analytical methods, the identification of significant variables, the analysis of interaction patterns and the explanation of differences and similarities between political systems.

952. Political Change
Winter of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Comparative analysis of evolutionary and revolutionary changes of political systems, both modern and developing. Methods of analysis, causes and consequences of change, and typical developmental sequences.

953. The Politics of Selected Areas
Winter of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)
May re-enroll for a maximum of 12 credits. Analysis in depth, using comparative theory and method, of political systems and changes in selected administrative or cultural areas.

954. Comparative Selected Analysis of Institutions and Processes
Fall of odd-numbered years. 4(3-0)
May re-enroll for a maximum of 12 credits. Comparative analysis of specific institutions, or processes in different cultures, e.g., comparison of legislatures, political recruitment, types of totalitarian systems, political impact of urbanization in a number of different areas or countries.

961. History and Contemporary Theory of General International Relations and of World Order
Winter of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Examination of substantive problems of politics and public order in the world as a whole.

962. Contemporary International Organizations
Spring of odd-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Examination of the functions of international law and organizations in international politics.

963. Foreign Policies of the Major Nations and Decision Making Processes
Spring of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Examination of foreign policies and decision making processes of selected nations—the role of ideology, national interest, and institutions.

964. Selected Topics in International Relations
Winter. 4(3-0) May re-enroll for a maximum of 12 credits. Approval of department.
Intensive analysis of special problems and issues such as international political and economic development, international and intercultural communications, international violence, etc.

971. Classical and Medieval Political Thought
Spring of odd-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Systematic analysis of selected works of such classical political philosophers as Plato, Aristotle and others whose work provides both an understanding of the premodern political perspective of the Western World and the philosophical underpinnings of modern political thought.

972. Modern Political Thought
Spring of even-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Systematic analysis of selected works of such writers as Machiavelli, Hobbes, Locke, Montesquieu, Hume, Rousseau, Burke, Mill, Marx or other political philosophers. Special attention is given to those writers or works relevant to understanding the philosophical foundations of contemporary social science and ideology.

973. American Political Thought
Fall of odd-numbered years. 4(3-0)
Study of the thinkers and social forces which have shaped American political ideology.

974. Contemporary Political Ideas in Selected Areas
Fall of even-numbered years. 4(3-0) May re-enroll for a maximum of 12 credits. Approval of department.
Extensive analysis of selected aspects of current political thought in selected areas, including the developing nations.
Descriptions — Political Science

981. Selected Topics in General Political Theory
Fall, Winter, Spring. 4(3-0) May re-enroll for a maximum of 12 credits. Approval of department.
Analysis in depth of such topics as individual political choice, collective choice and decision making, political coalitions, political leadership, political communication and diffusion processes, political integration and differentiation, equality and inequality, and interaction models of conflict.

990. Seminar
Fall, Winter, Spring. 4 to 12 credits. May re-enroll for a maximum of 36 credits.
Intensive training in individual or group research. Sections of the seminar may involve one or more doctoral fields and the credit earned will vary accordingly.

993. Research
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. Approval of department.

PORTUGUESE

See Romance and Classical Languages

POULTRY SCIENCE

College of Agriculture and Natural Resources

224. Poultry Science and Practice
Winter, Spring. 4(3-0)
Poultry in the agricultural economy; fundamental principles of anatomy, physiology and body systems; diseases, their prevention and control, management practices and procedures in producing poultry meat and eggs.

301. Special Problems
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. May re-enroll for a maximum of 6 credits. Approval of department.
Studies in any of the following: avian genetics, management, nutrition, physiology, other areas of poultry science.

413. Avian Nutrition
Fall. 4(3-0) ANS 325.

424. Poultry Breeding and Incubation
Winter of even-numbered years. 4(3-2) ANS 481.
Genetic and biological factors affecting economic characteristics including egg production, egg size, hatchability, growth and viability and factors involved in the hatching of eggs.

435. Poultry Industry-Management and Marketing
Spring of even-numbered years. 5(4-0) 224 or approval of department.
Practical application of economic and management principles to commercial poultry enterprises.

440. Avian Physiology
Spring. 4(3-3) Approval of department. Interdepartmental and administered totally with the Department of Physiology. A survey of the systemic physiology of birds emphasizing digestion, metabolism, the endocrines, and reproduction.

454. Avian Disease Prevention and Treatment
Winter of even-numbered years. 4(3-2)
MTH 200 or B 3 212 or approval of department.
Microbiological concepts; causes, preventive and therapeutic methods for poultry diseases, laboratory diagnosis and experiments.

IDC. The Impact of Animal Resource Management Upon the World's Developing Nations
For course description, see Interdisciplinary Courses.

800. Advanced Poultry-Special Problems
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. Approval of department.
Studies in any of the following: avian genetics, management, nutrition, physiology, other areas of poultry science.

809. Research
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. Approval of department.

809. Research
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. Approval of department.

PSYCHIATRY

College of Human Medicine

500. Special Problems in Psychiatry
Fall, Winter, Spring. 1 to 6 credits. May re-enroll for a maximum of 12 credits. Human Medicine students; graduate students with approval of department.
Each student will work under direction of a staff member on an experimental, theoretical or applied problem.

608. Psychiatry Clerkship
Fall, Winter, Spring. 1 to 17 credits. May re-enroll for a maximum of 40 credits. Approval of department.
A program designed to permit the student to become familiar with and participate in the contemporary practice of psychiatry utilizing supervised in-patient, out-patient, emergency and community mental health services.

PSYCHOLOGY

College of Human Medicine

107. Motivation and University Life
Fall, Winter, Spring. 3(3-0) For Freshmen and Sophomores with a 2.5 grade-point average or lower; referral by Counseling Center and approval of department.
Seminars on topics of current interest relating psychological principles to problems of university life. Topics include behavior motivation, attitudes and values, perception of self and others, and learning processes.

160. Introductory Psychology: Social-Personality
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 3(3-3)
The complex functioning of the individual in his social environment will be considered. Topics include: socialization, interpersonal perception, group processes, motives, emotions, attitudes, and values. Students may participate in psychological experiments outside of class.

161. Topics in Introductory Psychology: Social-Personality
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0)
100 must be elected concurrently.
A small-enrollment discussion class for students enrolled in 160 who are interested in discussing a particular psychological topic in depth. A number of different sections will be offered, each discussing a different topic.

170. Introductory Psychology: General
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 4(4-0)
Principles underlying the behavior of humans and animals. Topics include: cognition, emotion, motivation, learning, sensation, and perception. Students may participate in psychological experiments outside of class.

215. Introduction to Psychological Measurement
Fall, Winter, Spring. 4(3-3)
100 or 170.
Psychology as a quantitative discipline; graphical presentation and interpretation; psychological data in various content fields; methods of summarizing behavioral data; samples, populations and probability in psychological research; hypothesis testing.

225. Psychology of Personality
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0)
100 or ED 200 or Sophomores with approval of department.
Application of psychological principles to an introductory understanding of personality and interpersonal adjustments; social motivation, frustration, conflicts, and adjustment mechanisms; theories of adjustment; the assessment of personality, problems of mental hygiene and some theories of psychotherapy.

244. Developmental Psychology: Infancy through Childhood
Fall, Winter, Spring. (345, 345.) Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 4(4-0) 160 or 170, ED 200.
Developmental psychology of the infant and child including biological, social, cognitive, moral, perceptual and cultural development; relations with caregivers and peers as well as development of individual characteristics.