The Role of Women in America: 380. Arts and Self

Winter. Summer of even-numbered years. 4(4-0) Juniors.

Various art forms by women and the exploration of a feminine sensibility; sex, race, and class interactions, sexual stereotypes; male views of women and themselves; the impact of the media.

The Role of Women in America: Movements and Ideology

Spring. Summer of odd-numbered uears. 4(4-0) Juniors.

Key personalities and philosophical currents in the women's movement; biological and cultural myths and realities; the historical role of the family, "The Culture of Romance".

439. Writing the Research Report Winter, Spring. 4(4-0) Juniors.

Advanced methods and organization of written

research reports will be taught by providing examples, exercises, and writing practice based on research submitted by the students.

ANATOMY

ANT

College of Human Medicine College of Osteopathic Medicine College of Veterinary Medicine

General Anatomy

Fall, Spring. 5(5-0)

Designed to impart the basic concepts of the broad field of anatomy. Special requirements of the various disciplines will be met in their respective laboratories.

Microscopic Anatomy

Winter. 5(2-8) Medical Technology students or approval of department.

Microscopic study of the structure of cells, tissues and organs.

505A. Anatomy in Physical Diagnosis (505.) Fall. 1 to 3 credits.

Exercises in which students study systemic anatomy in a physical diagnosis context. Preparatory self-instruction precedes exercises.

505B. Anatomy in Physical Diagnosis Winter. 1 to 3 credits. 505A or

approval of department.

Exercises in which students study regional anatomy in a physical diagnosis context. Preparatory self-instruction precedes exercises.

505C. Anatomy in Physical Diagnosis

Spring. I to 3 credits. 505B or approval of department.

Exercises in which students study regional anatomy in a physical diagnosis context. Preparatory self-instruction precedes exercises.

520.Veterinary Anatomy

Summer. 5(3-6) Admission to professional veterinary program.

A general histology course for veterinary students which includes a survey of the tissue of the animal body.

521. Veterinary Anatomy

Fall. 6(3-9) Admission to professional veterinary program.

Gross anatomy of a representative animal, the dog, is studied. Lecture, dissection of embalmed specimen, study of prosections, slides, models and living animals.

522. Veterinary Anatomy

Fall. 4(2-6) 520.

Microscopic anatomy of the digestive, urinary, respiratory, male and female reproductive systems, integumentary system, central nervous system and special sense organs of domesticated

523. Veterinary Anatomy

Winter. 4(2-6) 521 or approval of department.

Lecture, dissection of embalmed specimens and the study of prosections, models and live ani-mals related to the anatomy of the domestic animals.

Gross Biomedical Structure 540.

Fall, Winter, Spring. Variable credit.

May re-enroll for a maximum of 15 credits. Human Medicine students; approval of department for graduate students.

Human structure, systemic and regional, is studied in self-instructional and dissection sequences. Application of this knowledge to rec-ognition of normal and abnormal structure in appropriate medical contexts is accomplished through self-instructional and clinical sessions.

Microscopic Anatomy

Winter. 3(1-3) Human Medicine students; approval of department for graduate

The principles of microscopic anatomy, utilizing self-instructional units and laboratory experience with organ sections viewed through the light microscope.

545. Neuroanatomy

Spring. 3(4-0) Admission to medical school or approval of Neuroscience Committee.

Introduction to gross and microscopic anatomy of the human nervous system, to related basic neurophysiologic concepts and to a problem-solving approach to the diagnosis of nervous system disease.

560. Functional Medical Cytology and Histologu

Fall. 2(1-3) Approval of department Self-study and laboratory instruction are combined in presenting the mutual relationship between the structure and function (physio-logical and biochemical) of cells and tissues. The emphasis is on the medical relevance of cytophysiology.

565. Introduction to Human Gross Anatomy

Fall. 5(3-6) Approval of department. Core concepts in regional, systemic and topographical human gross anatomy: Prosection, discussion and lecture methods using audiovisual aids and frequent review.

801. Seminar

Fall, Winter, Spring. 1(1-0)Approval of department.

Problems in Anatomy

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. May re-enroll for a maximum of 15 credits. Basic disciplines in various areas and approval of department.

Various anatomical fields such as gross anatomy, histology, hematology, tissue culture, cytology, neurology and embryology will be studied.

Anatomy of the Nervous System 815. Fall. 5(3-5) Approval of department.

Developmental, gross and microscopic anatomy of the nervous system. Organizational and functional aspects of the peripheral and central nervous system are stressed. Gross demonstrations include brain and dog dissections.

899. Research

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. Majors.

Seminar

Fall, Winter, Spring. 1(1-0) Approval of department.

999. Research

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. Majors.

ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AH

College of Agriculture and Natural Resources

Livestock and Meat Industry

Fall, Winter, Spring. 4(3-4)

Adaptation, distribution and numbers of livestock throughout the world; significance and economic importance. Trends in livestock production. Evaluating, grading, classifying and marketing of livestock and meat. Relationship of live animal conformation to carcass merit.

Meat Production

Winter. 5(3-6) 111.

Principles of meat evaluation and selection. Carcass certification programs. Influence of production factors on carcass desirability. Practice in slaughtering, cutting and meat processing.

Meats, Poultry and Fishery Products 1

Fall. 3(2-2) Interdepartmental with and administered by Food Science.

Principles of evaluation and nutritive value. Identification of grades and cuts of beef, pork, lamb and poultry products.

245. Meat Evaluation and Grading

Fall, Spring. 1 to 3 credits. May re-enroll for a maximum of 4 credits subject to a maximum of 10 credits in 245 and 335 combined. 241.

Evaluation of carcasses and wholesale cuts of beef, pork, veal and lamb in accordance with federal and commercial grading standards. Inspection trips through large meat packing plants.

Livestock Selection

Fall, Winter, Spring. I to 3 credits. May re-enroll for a maximum of 9 credits subject to a maximum of 10 credits in 245 and 335 combined. 111.

Evaluation of productive merit of individual animals. Comparison of type with a standard. Relationship of form to function. Field trips to prominent livestock breeding establishments and to major livestock events.

Special Problems

Fall, Winter, Spring. 1 to 3 credits. May re-enroll for a maximum of 5 credits. Seniors and approval of department.

Special studies in fields not covered by other animal husbandry courses.

IDC. The Impact of Animal Resource Management Upon the World's Developing Nations

For course description, see Interdisciplinary Courses.

451. Swine Production

Fall. 4(3-3) ANS 325 or approval of department.

Historical aspects with emphasis on current trends. Breeds, breeding, selection, nutrition requirements, management practices, marketing, housing and environmental needs, disease and parasite problems. Visits to representative farms.

452. Sheep Production

Winter of even-numbered years, 4(3-3) ANS 325 or approval of department.

History, modern breeds, breeding, selection, nutrition and feeding, management, marketing, housing, diseases and parasites, wool. Visits to farm flocks. Practice in management skills.

Beef Production

Spring. 4(3-3) ANS 325 or approval of department.

History, breeds, breeding, selection, nutrition and feeding, commercial systems of production, diseases and parasites. Visits to purebred herds and to feed lots. Practice in management skills.

Horse Production 454.

Fall of even-numbered years. 3(1-3) ANS 325 or approval of department by interview.

Horse selection, breeding, feeding, management and merchandising. Arranged class hours to be spent at the Horse Farm.

Meat Animal Breeding 462. Spring. 3(2-2) ANS 461.

Uses and effects of different breeding systems with beef cattle, sheep, and swine. Formulating breeding plans.

825. Techniques in Nutrition Research

Winter of odd-numbered years. 1 to 3 credits. CEM 333; approval of department. Interdepartmental with Human Nutrition and

Use of specialized instruments and techniques. Laboratory safety. Management of laboratory animals. Development of abilities in areas of particular interest to individual students.

Advanced Special Problems 890.

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 4 May re-enroll for a maximum of 8 credits. credits. Approval of department.

Investigation of animal husbandry areas of special interest to individual graduate students.

899. Research

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. Approval of department.

912. Seminar

Fall, Winter, Spring. 1 credit.

926. Comparative Nutrition-Lipids and Carbohydrates

Winter of odd-numbered years. 4(4-0) BCH 452 and a previous course on principles of nutrition. Interdepartmental with and administered by Human Nutrition and Foods.

Regulatory aspects of carbohydrate and lipid metabolism as influenced by nutrition in mammals. Emphasis on normal and abnormal physiological states such as obesity, ketosis and diabetes.

927. Comparative Nutrition-Protein Metabolism and Developmental Biology

Winter of even-numbered years. 4(4-0) BCH 452, PSL 802 or concurrently. Interdepartmental with and administered by Human Nutrition and Foods.

Protein quality assessment, protein status, protein calorie malnutrition, amino acid metabolism, protein turnover, digestion and absorption, hor-monal control of protein metabolism, develop-mental aspects of protein metabolism and growth.

928. Comparative Nutrition-Minerals

Spring of even-numbered years. 3 BCH 452, PSL 802. Interdepartmentcredits. al with Human Nutrition and Foods.

Forms and location in body, metabolic roles, deficiency and toxicity signs, interrelationships, requirements and biological availability of

929. Comparative Nutrition-Vitamins

Spring of odd-numbered years, 3(3-0) BCH 452 and a previous course on principles of nutrition. Interdepartmental with Human Nutrition and Foods.

Chemical and physical properties, standards of activity, occurrence, metabolic roles, antivita-mins, deficiency and toxicity signs, requirements and factors affecting requirements.

Genetics of Breed Improvement Winter. 3(3-0) ANS 461, STT 421.

Breed improvement. Changing gene frequency. Genetic and environmental subdivision phenotypic variance.

Breeding Systems and Plans Spring. 3(3-0) 963.

Biometric relations between related animals. Role of selection in changing populations. The effects of different mating systems.

Research

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. able credit. Approval of department.

ANIMAL SCIENCE

ANS

College of Agriculture and Natural Resources

Animal Science

Fall. 5(4-2)

Survey of the animal industries including history, economic geography, anatomy and physiology, nutrition and feed usage, and systems of commercial livestock and poultry production.

Animal Science Seminar

Fall. 1(2-0)

Animal science industries. Industry representatives will be utilized to discuss particular areas.

Principles of Animal Nutrition Spring. 5(5-0) CEM 132; BCH 200 recommended.

Livestock feeds and their nutrients. Functions and requirements for nutrients. Evaluation of feeds. Feeding practices. Formulation of rations for beef and dairy cattle, horses, poultry, sheep and swine.

461. Principles of Animal Breeding Winter. 3(3-0) CSC 250.

Quantitative inheritance. Gene frequency. Statistical tools used in animal breeding. Effect of selection and mating systems on animal popu-

525. Animal Nutrition

Winter. 5(4-2) BCH 401.

Principles of nutrition. Nutrients and their me-Nutritive requirements for maintenance, growth, reproduction, lactation and work. Nutrient sources and their use in preparing diets for domestic animals.

826. Animal Nutrition

Spring. 4(4-0) One course each: biochemistry, physiology; and approval of department.

Nutrition basic to animal feeding. Application of chemistry and physiology to nutrition. Nutrient requirements for normal body functions. Techniques involved in nutrition research; readings in current literature.

854. Design of Animal Experiments Spring. 4(4-0) STT 423.

Choice, implementation and statistical analysis of experimental plans for research with animals. Designs for reduction of experimental error. Analysis of experiments with complex structure or unequal subclass numbers.

965. Biometrical Genetics

Fall. 4(4-0) One course in quantitative or population genetics.

Genetic expectations in random mating and inbred populations. Estimation of genetic parameters. Relation of gene frequency to population mean and variance. Components of genetic variance. Correlation of relatives. Selection

ANTHROPOLOGY

ANP

College of Human Medicine College of Osteopathic Medicine College of Social Science

The Origin of Man and Culture Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 4(3-1)

Introduction to physical anthropology: the position of man in the animal kingdom, the genetic mechanisms of evolution, human beginnings and the fossil record, racial evolution and racial types among modern man, the anticipation of culture among other animals and the development of human culture, and culture as an adaptive mechanism.

Introduction to Anthropology

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 4(3-1)

Comparison of ways of life among primitive, peasant and civilized peoples. Implications of these styles of life for understanding of human behavior in general and exotic cultures in particular.

IDC. Resource Ecology and Man

For course description, see Interdisciplinary Courses.

Introduction to Social and 221. Cultural Analysis

Fall, Spring. 4(3-1) 171.

Basic theoretical framework of socio-cultural analysis: structural functionalism, evolutionism, and cultural ecology.

250. Culture, Environment and Adaptation

Fall. 4(3-1) 100.

Culture as an adaptive process—as developed in the million years of human history and still influencing environmental quality, population control, and allocation of resources in primitive and modern societies.

Continuing Revolution in China: Problems and Approaches

For course description, see Interdisciplinary Courses.

263. Origin of Civilization: Archaeology

Spring. 4(3-0) 100.

The rise, development and spread of culture in the period before written history. Archaeological evidence is used to trace the evolution of culture as it has been reconstructed from the excavation of pre-historic sites in the Old and New World.

The Anthropology of Asia Fall. 4(3-0) Sophomores or approval

of department.

Several cultural complexes and cultures typesfrom hunting and gathering through complex civilization—of East, Southeast, and South Asia. The cultures and nature of their development will be examined. Past and present significance of cultural stability and change will be seen in a comparative framework,