978. Comparative Rural Social Organization
Spring. 4 credits.
Structure and function of social organizations ranging from societies to small groups. The comparative approach will be used in studying phenomena involved in the transitions from agrarian to industrial societies.

981. Comparative Sociology
Fall. 3 or 4 credits. Doctoral student in sociology; completion of core courses.
Macro-sociology of societies. The relationship of the whole to the various parts of societies, the connection between societies, and the patterns of change in different societies. The development of research with respect to the cross-cultural study of social structures, social institutions, and social systems.

982. Comparative Social Psychology
Winter. 3 or 4 credits.
Social psychological research problems involving a comparative methodology. Social psychological functions of education, mobility, mass media use, etc. Comparative study of the social psychology of modernization.

983. Comparative Research Methods
Spring. 3 or 4 credits.
Sampling problems, data collection strategies, problems of translation and concept equivalence. Management, analysis, and interpretation of cross-cultural data.

991. Research Seminar in Work and Organization
Fall, Winter, Spring. 2(2-0) May re-enroll for a maximum of 6 credits. Thirty graduate credits and approval of instructor.
An advanced seminar devoted to analysis of designs used in current research in work and organization.

999. Research
Fall, Winter, Spring. Variable credits. Approval of department.

SOIL SCIENCE SLS
College of Agriculture and Natural Resources

202. Soils and Man’s Environment
Winter. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Fisheries and Wildlife and Resource Development Departments and Natural Resources.
Use of soil-water resources in a technological society as it relates to environmental quality. Nature of pollution problems and their possible solutions. Food production and world populations.

210. Fundamentals of Soil Science
Fall, Winter. 5 credits.
Principles of the origin and development of soils. Relationship of properties to utilization and soil fertility to plant production and animal health. Emphasis is placed on changing soils to serve man.

331. Soil Management
Winter. 4(4-0) 210.
Management of soils, drainage and irrigation, organic matter, tillage, rotation, conservation practices, use, fertilizers, micronutrients. Soil management vs. soil conservation. Special study in general crops, horticultural crops, greenhouse crops, turf and ornamental soils.

390. Soil Conservation and Land Use
Spring. 3(3-0) 210.
Soil resources of the United States and methods and plans for soil conservation including control of erosion. Interpretation of soil survey maps and land evaluation for farm crops, fruits, forestry, engineering and wildlife. Soil judging.

410. Special Soil Problems
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 3 credits. May re-enroll for a maximum of 6 credits. Approval of department.
Independent study. Topics include: Special soil problems, fertility, geography, classification, conservation, soil management, organic soils and turfgrass soils.

420. Seminar
Winter. 1(1-0) May re-enroll for a maximum of 6 credits. Interdepartmental and administered jointly with Crop Science.

424. Forest Soils
Spring. 4(3-3) 210; FOR 220. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Forestry Department.
Interrelationships of forest site and the growth of forests. Classification and productivity of forest soils. Effects of silvicultural and forest management practices on the soil. Two-day field trip required.

430. Soil Fertility and Fertilizers
Spring. 5(4-1) 210.
Assessment of the fertility of soils and alteration of fertility by the use of fertilizers, lime, manure, and cropping systems. The role of colloids in ion fixation and exchange. Soil and tissue tests. The history, technology, and use of fertilizers.

442. Soil Microbiology
(491.) Spring. 4(3-2) MPH 290; 301 or 401. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Microbiology and Public Health Department.
Major groups of microorganisms of importance in soils are studied with emphasis on ecological, biochemical, and physical aspects.

470. Soil Classification and Mapping
Fall, Spring; Summer of odd-numbered years. 4(4-8) 210 or approval of department.
Classification of soils. Interpretation of profiles in relation to land utilization for farm crops, fruits, forestry, highway-airfield engineering, county and township planning, urban development and wildlife. Preparation of land use reports based upon soil maps of assigned areas.

480. Soil Geography and Land Use of the World
Spring. 4(4-0) 210 or approval of department.
Survey of the great soil groups and their use throughout the world, their location, significant characteristics, how they are and can be utilized, and the relation of each to food and population increase.

Winter. 3(3-0)
For course description, see Interdisciplinary Courses.

810. Advanced Studies in Soil Science
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 5 credits. May re-enroll for a maximum of 6 credits. Approval of instructor.
Areas of work to include: advanced studies in soil science, chemistry, classification, conservation, fertility, geography, management, microbiology and biochemistry, micronutrients, micropedology, mineralogy, organic soils and physics.

820. Seminar
Fall, Winter, Spring. 1(1-0) May re-enroll for a maximum of 6 credits. Interdepartmental and administered jointly with Crop Science.

825. Clay Mineralogy
(945.) Winter. 4(3-4) 840, 850 or approval of department. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Geology Department.
Structures and properties of clays; their origins, occurrence, and utilization. Method of studying clays including x-ray diffraction, differential thermal analysis, infrared absorption and other chemical and physical techniques.

830. Soil Fertility and Plant Nutrition
(936.) Spring. 3(3-0) 430 or approval of department.
Fundamental concepts in soil fertility and mineral nutrition of plants; fate of nutrients applied to soils, nutrient uptake, translocation and utilization by plants, principles of toxicity, greenhouse and field research methods.

840. Soil Physics
Fall. 3(3-0) 430; CEM 162 or approval of department.
Physical properties of soil (texture, structure, consistency, aeration, water, and temperature, etc.), their quantitative measurement, and relation to plant growth, and agronomic and engineering practices.

850. Soil Chemistry
Winter. 3(3-0) 450; CEM 162, 383; or approval of department.
Chemistry of mineral weathering and soil formation, ion activities, ion exchange and equilibrium reactions, soil pH, specific elements and their chemical analysis, and availability of nutrients to plants.

860. Soil Biochemistry
Spring of even-numbered years. 4 credits. 350, MPR 442.
Biochemical transformations of mineral nutrients and of natural and exotic organic materials in soils, considered in relation to chemical, physical and ecological systems in the complex soil environment.

870. Origin and Classification of Soils
Winter. 4(3-2) 470, 840, or approval of department.

880. Soils and Land Use in Tropical and Subtropical Regions
Spring. 3(3-0) Approval of department. Interdepartmental with Agriculture.
Problem oriented studies of soils and land use in the tropics and sub-tropics in relation to their genesis, morphology, taxonomy, and management.

999. Research
Fall, Winter, Spring. Variable credit. Approval of department.

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