<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Term(s)</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>Introduction to American Politics</td>
<td>Fall, Spring, Summer</td>
<td>The policymaking process in national government, with emphasis on political participation, the presidency, Congress, Supreme Court, bureaucracy, and civil rights and civil liberties.</td>
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<tr>
<td>140</td>
<td>Introduction to Comparative Politics</td>
<td>Fall, Spring, Summer</td>
<td>Comparative analysis of political systems in first, second, and third-world countries. Alternative methods for comparative cross-cultural analyses of political systems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>160</td>
<td>Introduction to International Relations</td>
<td>Fall, Spring, Summer</td>
<td>Dynamics of conflict and cooperation. Processes of foreign policy decision making. Major international economic issues. Basic future trends. Primary analytical approaches for studying world politics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>170</td>
<td>Introduction to Political Philosophy</td>
<td>Fall, Spring, Summer</td>
<td>Basic questions of political philosophy as considered from ancient to modern times. Primary focus on the origins, defense, and radical critiques of modern liberal democracy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200</td>
<td>Introduction to Political Science</td>
<td>Fall, Spring, Summer</td>
<td>The science of politics. Theory construction, model building, empirical testing, and inductive inference. Examples from American, international and comparative politics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>201</td>
<td>Introduction to Methods of Political Analysis</td>
<td>Fall, Spring, Summer,</td>
<td>Philosophy of social science. Principles of research design, measurement, hypothesis testing, measures of association, cross tabulations, and regression analysis.</td>
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<tr>
<td>304</td>
<td>Minority Politics</td>
<td>Fall, Summer</td>
<td>Minority groups and the political process in the United States. Civil rights movements, political organizations, legal decisions, political participation, and legisliative politics.</td>
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<tr>
<td>310</td>
<td>Public Administration and Policy Making</td>
<td>Fall, Spring</td>
<td>Role of public bureaucracy in the U.S. Theories of administrative behavior and the impact of hierarchy on policymaking. Relations with the president, Congress, interest groups, and the public. Administrative functions, responsiveness, and ethics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>313</td>
<td>American Public Policy</td>
<td>Fall, Spring, Summer</td>
<td>Political and economic concepts for evaluating the consequences of government decision making. Issues of problem identification, policy adoption, and implementation affecting program evaluation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>320</td>
<td>Judicial Politics</td>
<td>Fall, Spring</td>
<td>Not open to freshmen or sophomores. Analysis of the structure and functions of judicial systems. Organization, administration, and politics of judicial bureaucracies. Roles of judges, juries, counsel, litigants, and interest groups in the adjudication process.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>321</td>
<td>Constitutional Law</td>
<td>Fall, Spring</td>
<td>Not open to freshmen or sophomores. U.S. Supreme Court policy making and its effect on issues of current importance, including First Amendment freedoms, due process, race relations, sex discrimination, and privacy.</td>
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<tr>
<td>324</td>
<td>Congress</td>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>The design of Congress. Rules, structures, and procedures affecting policy making. Impact of regular elections on legislative behavior.</td>
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<tr>
<td>325</td>
<td>The Presidency</td>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>Role of the president in the U.S. political system. Constitutional questions, presidential selection, presidential power, interbranch relations, and presidential policy making.</td>
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<tr>
<td>331</td>
<td>Political Parties and Interest Groups</td>
<td>Spring of even years</td>
<td>Origins, structure, and activities of political parties. Role of parties and interest groups in elections and in government. Internal politics of parties and of private associations.</td>
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<tr>
<td>333</td>
<td>Public Opinion and Political Behavior</td>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>Role of public opinion in political systems and its impact on the political process. Group differences, political socialization, development and change of political attitudes and behavior patterns. Methods of studying public opinion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>342</td>
<td>Comparative Political Economy</td>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>P: EC 201 or EC 202 Democratic politics and the linkages among political, social, and economic conceptions of equality in developed and developing countries.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>344</td>
<td>Politics of Developing Areas</td>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>Politics of modernization, democratic and authoritarian regimes, and class and ethnicity in developing countries.</td>
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<tr>
<td>345</td>
<td>Religion and World Politics</td>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>Comparative analysis of the role of religion in politics across world regions. Discussion of major theories and topics in relation to religion-state relations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>346</td>
<td>Middle East Politics</td>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>Political history, political institutions, political actors, and political culture in the Arab countries of North Africa and the Middle East, as well as Turkey, Israel, and Iran.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>347</td>
<td>Democratic Regimes</td>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>Democratization, democratic consolidation, political institutions, and economic development in Africa, Latin America, Asia, Eastern Europe, and the Middle East.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>351</td>
<td>African Politics</td>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>Political institutions and governmental processes in Sub-Saharan Africa.</td>
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<tr>
<td>352</td>
<td>Latin American Politics</td>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>The political process in Latin America from a comparative perspective. Development, democratization and the role of democratic institutions in the political life.</td>
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<tr>
<td>354</td>
<td>Politics of Asia</td>
<td>Fall of even years</td>
<td>Spring of even years. 3(3-0) Political institutions, political actors, and policy-making processes in selected Asian countries.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>356</td>
<td>Politics of Europe and the European Union</td>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>Governmental institutions and processes, political socialization, and political culture in Western Europe and the European Union.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>357</td>
<td>Politics of English Speaking Democracies</td>
<td>Summer</td>
<td>Political institutions, political actors, and political culture in Britain, Australia, or Canada.</td>
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<tr>
<td>362</td>
<td>American Foreign Policy and National Security</td>
<td>Spring of odd years</td>
<td>P: (PLS 160 or concurrently) or (MC 220 or concurrently) or (MC 221 or concurrently) Theories of foreign policy making. Factors shaping foreign policy in various countries. Current and recurrent problems in foreign policy making.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Civil war, conflict, and conflict resolution in the international system.

Politics of the United Nations and International Organizations

American Political Thought
Fall of even years. 3(3-0) Major themes of American political thought. Topics may include the founding of the U.S., nationalism, race relations, or progressivism.

Special Topics in Political Science
Fall, Spring. 1 to 4 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 8 credits in all enrollments for this course. RB: Completion of Tier I writing requirement. R: Open to juniors or seniors in the Department of Political Science or in the College of Social Science or in the Interdisciplinary Studies in Social Science Major or in the Political Science Major or in the Political Science-Prelaw Major or in the Public Policy Major or in the World Politics Major or approval of department.

Issues and problems in contemporary political science.

Seminar in Political Science (W)
Fall, Spring. 4(4-0) A student may earn a maximum of 12 credits in all enrollments for this course. P: (PLS 201) and completion of Tier I writing requirement RB: Political Science major or student with background in political science or international studies. Variable topics including legislative behavior, policy analysis, political development, human rights, international conflict, foreign policy, international political economy, and constitutionalism.

Islam and World Politics
Spring of even years. 4(4-0) Interdepartmental with James Madison College. Administered by James Madison College. P: Completion of Tier I Writing Requirement SA: MC 420 Manifestations of political Islam within key Muslim countries such as Turkey, Egypt, Saudi Arabia, Iran, and Pakistan. Use of political Islam by states and groups as an instrument to advance their international goals.

Undergraduate Research Seminar
Fall, Spring. 4(4-0) P: PLS 200 or concurrently or approval of department R: Approval of department. Advanced research seminar for students in the political science program.

Honors Internship
Fall, Spring, Summer. 3 to 6 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Approval of department. Supervised participation in research or teaching.

Senior Honors Thesis
Fall, Spring, Summer. 3 to 6 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. P: PLS 481H Original research and writing under direction of a faculty member.

Field Experience in Political Science
Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 12 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 12 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Approval of department. Supervised field work in several areas of study. It may involve internships with non-profit organizations or public agencies, or participation in survey research, political campaigns, or petition drives.

Independent Study
Fall, Spring. 1 to 6 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Approval of department. Individual research and reading supervised by a faculty member.

Proseminar: Political Theory and Research Methods
Fall. 3(3-0) Issues in the accumulation of knowledge about political phenomena. Approaches to the verification of hypotheses. Alternative theoretical conceptions in study of politics.

Quantitative Techniques in Public Policy and Political Science I
Fall. 3(3-0) R: Open only to graduate students in the Department of Political Science or approval of department. Foundations of research methodology. Applications of data in public policy and political science. Individual research projects.

Quantitative Techniques in Public Policy and Political Science II
Spring. 3(3-0) RB: PLS 801 R: Open only to graduate students in the Department of Political Science or approval of department. Linear and nonlinear models applied to public policy and political science data. Individualized research projects.

Political Thought
Fall. 3(3-0) RB: Admission to graduate program in political science. Major political philosophers. Major themes of political philosophy. Consideration of the relationship between political philosophy and other fields of study in political science.

Proseminar in Formal Theory
Spring. 3(3-0) R: Open to doctoral students in the Political Science Major or approval of department. SA: PLS 880 Formal models in understanding politics. Topics may include game theory, spatial modeling, social choice theory, public choice theory, and dynamic modeling. Theoretical issues and research applications.

Proseminar in Policy Analysis
Spring. 3(3-0) R: Open to graduate students. Economic and political techniques for analyzing public policies. Utility and limitations of these techniques and their use and abuse in public policy analysis.

Proseminar in American Politics
Fall. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. The major subfields of American politics. Political behavior within institutions and mass political behavior.

State Government and Politics
Spring of odd years. 3(3-0) Research literature on state government. Interstate differences. Parties, elections, governors, state legislatures, bureaucracy, interest groups, and policy outcomes.

Urban Government and Politics
Spring of even years. 3(3-0) Research literature on urban government. Structure, process, and policy issues. Intergovernmental relations and fiscal interdependencies.

International Development: Theory and Practice
Spring. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with Anthropology and Community Sustainability and Forestry and Social Science. Administered by Community Sustainability. SA: ACR 826, RD 826 Evolution of international development theory across disciplines. Changing conceptualizations, measurements, processes and effects of development and poverty. Ethnicity, social class, gender, and community influences on socioeconomic processes. Current issues, concerns, and strategic alternatives.

Public Opinion and Political Behavior
Fall of odd years. 3(3-0) RB: (PLS 801 and PLS 802) or approval of department. The acquisition and change of political attitudes. The relationship between political attitudes and political behavior. Methods and problems of measuring political attitudes.

Proseminar in Comparative Politics
Spring. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. Research literature in a subfield of comparative politics. Methods, approaches, and purposes.

Comparative Political Institutions
Spring. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course. Political institutions from a comparative perspective. Topics may include electoral systems, political parties, presidential vs. parliamentary systems, representation, federalism, and constitutional engineering.
857 Parties and Elections
Spring of even years. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course.
Origin, organization, and behavior of political parties in advanced industrial societies. Structure and transformation of party systems. Role of issues and elections in party systems. Parties in developing societies.

860 Proseminar in International Relations
Fall of even years. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course.
Theoretical perspectives and analytical approaches to a subfield of international relations.

870 Proseminar in Political Thought
Spring of even years. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course.
Survey of major issues or themes in political philosophy.

871 Classical Political Philosophy
Fall. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course.
Study of one or more major figures or thinkers in ancient or medieval political philosophy.

872 Modern Political Philosophy
Spring. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course.
Study of one or more major figures or thinkers in modern political philosophy.

877 American Political Thought
Fall. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course.
Study of one or more major concepts or thinkers in American political thought.

884 Proseminar on Political Institutions and Public Choice
Fall. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 6 credits in all enrollments for this course.
Theories of political institutions, with particular emphasis on the U.S. Possible topics include models of rational action in electoral, legislative, and bureaucratic institutions and problems of majority rule, collective action, and social welfare.

900 Research Seminar in Political Methodology
Fall, Spring. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 15 credits in all enrollments for this course. RB: PLS 802
Advanced topics in political methodology. Individual research projects.

910 Research Seminar in Public Policy and Public Administration
Spring. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 9 credits in all enrollments for this course. RB: PLS 810 or PLS 811
Specialized topics in public administration or public policy.

920 Research Seminar in American Politics
Spring. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 9 credits in all enrollments for this course.

950 Research Seminar in Comparative Politics
Fall of odd years. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 9 credits in all enrollments for this course. RB: PLS 860
Intensive study of one subfield of comparative politics. Critical evaluation of the literature.

960 Research Seminar in International Politics
Spring. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 9 credits in all enrollments for this course. RB: PLS 860
Intensive study of one subfield of international politics. Critical evaluation of the literature.

970 Research Seminar in Political Thought
Spring of odd years. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 9 credits in all enrollments for this course. RB: PLS 870
Intensive study of one subfield of political philosophy.

980 Research Seminar in Formal Theory
Fall of odd years. 3(3-0) A student may earn a maximum of 9 credits in all enrollments for this course. RB: PLS 880
Intensive study of one formal modeling technique used in political science research.

990 Topics in Professional Development
Fall, Spring. 1 to 4 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 12 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Open to doctoral students in the Department of Political Science.
Professionalization for Ph.D. students, including seminars on dissertation writing, graduate student teaching, and other aspects of professional development.

993 Readings in Political Science
Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 6 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 12 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Approval of department.
Supervised reading in a subfield of political science, public administration, or public policy.

999 Doctoral Dissertation Research
Fall, Spring, Summer. 1 to 12 credits. A student may earn a maximum of 36 credits in all enrollments for this course. R: Open to doctoral students in the Political Science major.
Doctoral dissertation research.