

**Descriptions — Women's Studies Program
of
Courses**

409. Independent Study in Women's Studies
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 4 credits. May reenroll for a maximum of 8 credits. Juniors, approval of Women's Studies Program. Interdepartmental with the colleges of Arts and Letters and Social Science.
Individual reading and research on women and gender.

425. Women and Religion: Feminist Critiques Since 1970
Winter. 3(3-0) Juniors or approval of department. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Religious Studies.
Writing: and thought of contemporary Jewish and Christian feminist theologians; views on scripture, God-language, patriarchy, ministry, spirituality, ethics. Scriptural reinterpretations; overview of women's role and place in world religions.

ZOOLOGY

ZOL

**College of Human Medicine
College of Natural Science**

203. Resource Ecology
(IDC 200.) Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with the departments of Fisheries and Wildlife, Forestry, Geography, and Resource Development. Administered by the Department of Fisheries and Wildlife.
Basic concepts of ecology which are the unifying basis for resource management, conservation policy and the analysis of environmental quality. Extensive use of guest lecturers.

211. General Biology
Fall, Winter, Summer. 4(4-2) CEM 140 or high school chemistry. Not open to students with credit in LBS 242. Interdepartmental with the Biological Science Program and the Department of Botany and Plant Pathology. Administered by Biological Science Program.
Principles of biological regulation and integration: genetics, development, and selected physiological topics.

212. General Biology
Winter, Spring, Summer. 4(4-2) Not open to students with credit in LBS 140. Interdepartmental with the Biological Science Program and the Department of Botany and Plant Pathology. Administered by Biological Science Program.
Principles of biological diversity: taxonomy and systematics, comparative physiology, and ecology.

301. Nature and Homo Sapiens (N)
Spring. 4(4-0) Two terms of Natural Science; not open to zoology majors.
A case study approach which explores the interaction of technical, social, economic and legal influences on the management of contemporary environmental issues in Michigan.

302. Vertebrate Life of the Past
Fall. 3(3-0) One course in physical or biological science or Juniors. Interdepartmental with and administered by Geology.
Fossil vertebrates from fish to humans.

304. Biology, Behavior and Humans
Spring. 3(3-0) Juniors; not open to zoology majors.
Examines philosophical and biological issues which make the study of animal behavior relevant to humans. Emphasizes history of animal behavior, current theories, and experiments relating biological and environmental determinants of adaptive and non-adaptive behavior patterns.

306. Invertebrate Biology
Spring. 4(3-3) B S 212.
Systematics, morphology, and natural history of invertebrate animals. Laboratory includes identification of live and preserved animals and recognition of morphological characteristics of selected groups.

307. Vertebrate Biology
Fall, Summer. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station Summer term. Fall: 4(3-3) Summer: 4 credits. B S 212.
Systematics, morphology and natural history of vertebrate animals. Laboratory includes identification of live and preserved animals and recognition of morphological characteristics of selected groups.

313. Animal Behavior
Spring, Summer. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station Summer of odd-numbered years. Spring, Summer. 4(4-0) Summer of odd-numbered years: 4 credits. B S 211.
Description of the known behavior of the various vertebrate and invertebrate phyla with emphasis upon adaptive significance. Thus, special attention will be given to mating, defensive, and nutritive behavior. The genetics and ontogeny of behavioral patterns will be presented where known. Behavior will be related to the ecology of various animal populations.

317. Principles of Development
Fall, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0) B S 211.
Development of animals, especially vertebrates. Principles are illustrated by modern experimental studies of developmental problems.

318. Principles of Development Laboratory
Fall, Spring. 2(0-6) ZOL 317 or concurrently; B S 212.
Principles of development illustrated by analysis of the ontogeny of selected organisms.

337. The Fossil Record of Organic Evolution
Spring. 3(3-0) One course in a natural science; Juniors. Interdepartmental with and administered by Geology.
The direct evidence for organic evolution in the fossil record. Evolution of life from prebiological systems to humans. Impact of fossil discoveries on human thought.

341. Human Heredity
Fall, Winter. 4(4-0) Sophomores. Not open to zoology majors. Students may not receive credit in more than one of the following: ZOL 341, ZOL 441.
Inheritance of human physiological, and psychological traits. Forces that influence human evolution. Applications of heredity in fields of education, sociology, anthropology, psychology, dentistry, and medicine.

389. Animal Ecology
Winter, Summer. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station Summer term. Winter: 4(3-4) Summer: 4 credits. B S 212 or concurrently.
Animals in relation to their environment. Factors affecting the distribution and abundance of animals. Interrelationships between climate, soils, vegetation, geologic history and animal life. Population characteristics as related to reproduction and mortality factors.

391. Zoological Problems
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 8 credits. May reenroll for a maximum of 12 credits. Juniors; B S 212; 6 credits in zoology; approval of department.
Advanced work in morphology, field zoology, genetics, mammalogy, ornithology, or ichthyology.

400H. Honors Work
Fall, Winter, Spring. 1 to 5 credits. May reenroll for a maximum of 15 credits. Juniors; approval of department.

401. Comparative Physiology I
Fall. 4(3-4) PSL 240 or B S 212; CEM 131 or CEM 141. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Physiology.
A comparison of osmoregulation, digestion, respiration, and other physiological processes in a wide range of organisms.

402. Neurophysiology
Winter. 4(4-0) PSL 401 or BCH 401. Interdepartmental with the Department of Physiology.
A comparison of sensory, motor, and other integrative mechanisms in animals.

409. Cellular Aspects of Development
Winter. 5(3-6) B S 210, B S 211.
The role of cells in the growth, differentiation and morphogenesis of animals ranging from protozoa to mammals.

412. Natural History of Selected Invertebrates
Summer. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station. 4 credits. B S 212 or approval of department.
Systematics and ecology of selected invertebrate phyla with emphasis on the local fauna. Extensive field and laboratory work with living animals.

414. Biological Mechanisms of Animal Behavior
Winter. 3(3-0) or 5(3-6) ZOL 313 recommended.
Consideration of neurological and hormonal mechanisms controlling behavior. Emphasis will be upon mammalian systems, and will deal with the assumptions which underlie current concepts in the biology of behavior.

415. Ecological Aspects of Animal Behavior
Fall. 4(4-0) ZOL 313.
Consideration of orientation, navigation and homing behavior, food preferences, habitat selection, exploration, behavioral periodicity, communication, social organization and the embryology of behavior in both vertebrates and invertebrates.

416. General Parasitology

Fall. Summer of odd-numbered years. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station Summer of odd-numbered years. Fall: 3(3-0) Summer of odd-numbered years: 3 credits. B S 210, B S 211, B S 212 or LBS 141. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Microbiology and Public Health.

Life history, host-parasite relationships (including physiology, immunology, immunopathology and pathology) and epidemiology of selected groups and species of protozoan, trematode, cestode and nematode parasites.

417. Advanced Developmental Biology

Fall. 3(3-0) ZOL 317.

Molecular and cellular biology of development.

418. General Parasitology Laboratory

(MPH 417.) Fall. Summer of odd-numbered years. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station Summer of odd-numbered years. Fall: 2(0-4) Summer of odd-numbered years: 2 credits. MPH 416 or concurrently or approval of department. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Microbiology and Public Health.

Identification and life histories of representative species of major groups of animal parasites. Selected concepts of host-parasite associations will be tested experimentally.

421. Hormones and Development

Winter. 4(4-0) ZOL 317. Interdepartmental with the Department of Physiology.

Hormonal regulation of sex differentiation, puberty, growth, and functional development of selected organs and tissues. The role of hormones in the development of tumors and hormonal decline in aging.

428. Morphology of the Chordates

(314.) Winter. 5(3-6) B S 212.

Comparative and functional morphology of chordates. Laboratory includes dissection of representatives of most vertebrate classes.

430. Vertebrate Paleontology

Winter. 4(3-3) ZOL 428, or approval of department. Interdepartmental with and administered by Geology.

Fossil vertebrates with emphasis on the evolution of major groups. Laboratories on modern techniques and on the identification and interpretation of fossils.

431. Comparative Physical-Chemical Limnology

Summer. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station. 4 credits. One general chemistry course, one college level biology course. Interdepartmental with the Department of Botany and Plant Pathology.

Physical and chemical structure of lakes and streams; methodology and field experience; cultural acidification and eutrophication. Field trips required.

432. Comparative Biological Limnology

Summer. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station. 4 credits. ZOL 431. Interdepartmental with the Department of Botany and Plant Pathology.

Biological structure of lakes and streams; methodology and field experience; primary and secondary production; freshwater community ecology. Field trips required.

437A. Invertebrate Paleontology I

(GLG 437.) Spring of even-numbered years. 4(2-4) GLG 338 or ZOL 306 or approval of department. Cannot receive credit in both GLG 437 and GLG 437A. Interdepartmental with and administered by Geology.

Systematics and paleobiology of Archaeocyatha, Porifera, Cnidaria, Brachiopods, Bryozoa, and Hemichordata. Laboratory exercises in their comparative and functional morphology. One weekend field trip required.

437B. Invertebrate Paleontology II

Spring of odd-numbered years. 4(2-4) GLG 338 or ZOL 306 or approval of department. Cannot receive credit in both GLG 437 and GLG 437B. Interdepartmental with and administered by Geology.

Systematics and paleobiology of Annelida, Mollusca, Hyolitha, Arthropoda and Echinodermata. Laboratory exercises in their comparative and functional morphology. One weekend field trip required.

438. Evolutionary Paleocology

Winter. 4(3-4) GLG 338 or ZOL 389 or approval of department. Interdepartmental with and administered by Geology.

Evolutionary consequences of the ecological properties of marine invertebrate populations, species, communities, and provinces. Discussion may include biogeography, diversity, and biotic interactions.

441. Fundamental Genetics

Fall, Spring, Summer. 5(5-0) B S 211. Students may not receive credit in more than one of the following: ZOL 341, ZOL 441.

Survey of principles of heredity in animals, plants, and microorganisms. Serves as single course in genetics for majors in any of the biological sciences, and as prerequisite for further work in genetics.

442. Advanced Genetics

Winter of odd-numbered years. 3(3-0) ZOL 441 or approval of instructor.

Classical and molecular examination of eight to ten advanced topics and recent discoveries in genetics.

443. Developmental Genetics

Winter. 4(4-0) ZOL 441 and ZOL 317.

Mechanisms of gene action. Role of genes in the embryology, morphology, and physiology of organisms.

445. Evolution

Fall. 4(4-0) B S 211.

Processes of evolutionary change including the origin of species and homo sapiens, fossils and the geological record, and applications in genetic engineering, agriculture, and medicine.

450. Comparative Histology

Fall. 4(3-3) B S 212.

The comparative structure of cells of selected invertebrate and vertebrate organisms and their interactions to form tissues.

453. Marine Ecology and Physiology

Spring. 4(4-0) B S 212.

Life histories of marine animals. Physiological problems of marine life. Biology of special marine habitats. Ecological analysis of community structure and energetics.

454. Field Studies in Marine and Estuarine Biology

Fall. 2 or 3 credits. May reenroll for a maximum of 5 credits. Approval of instructor.

Field trip to seacoast. Studies of various estuarine and marine habitats. Examination of invertebrate and fish communities emphasizing ecology, behavior, physiology and resource maintenance.

456. Foundations of Developmental Biology

Winter of even-numbered years. 3(3-0) ZOL 317; ZOL 417 recommended. Interdepartmental with the Department of Natural Science. Reading and discussion of original research which posed significant problems of modern developmental biology.

460. Ornithology for Teachers

Summer. 3 credits. A course in biology or approval of department. Not open to Zoology majors. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station. Interdepartmental with Biological Science.

Distribution, breeding cycles, migration, food and feeding habits, voice and other important areas of avian biology. Emphasis on field identification and natural history.

461. Ornithology

Spring. Summer of even-numbered years. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station Summer of even-numbered years. Spring: 5(3-4) Summer of even-numbered years: 5 credits. ZOL 307 or ZOL 428.

Principles of the evolution, behavior and ecology of birds. Laboratory studies of classification, morphology, field identification and natural history of local species. Field trips required.

471. Ichthyology

Spring. 4(3-3) F W 301 or ZOL 307 or ZOL 428. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Fisheries and Wildlife.

Classification and natural history of fishes. Emphasis on food, game, and forage fishes.

476. Limnology

Winter. 3(3-0) CEM 141B, CEM 161; BOT 450 or ZOL 389. Students may not receive credit for both F W 376 and F W 476. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Fisheries and Wildlife.

Ecology of lakes and streams with special reference to physical, chemical and biological factors affecting their productivity.

477. Limnological Methods

Winter. 3(0-9) F W 476 concurrently; ENT 301, ENT 302 recommended. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Fisheries and Wildlife.

Methods and instruments of limnological field investigation on lakes and streams.

478. Stream Ecology

Fall. 3(3-0) ENT 420, ZOL 389 or BOT 450 or F W 302 or approval of department. Interdepartmental with the departments of Entomology, and Fisheries and Wildlife. Administered by the Department of Fisheries and Wildlife.

Biological, chemical, physical, and geological processes which determine the structure and function of stream ecosystems.

482. Biology of the Protozoa

Winter. 3(3-0) or 5(3-6) B S 212.

Structures and functions of animal-like, eukaryotic microorganisms.

Descriptions — Zoology

of Courses

- 483. Environmental Physiology**
Winter. 4(3-2) B S 212. Interdepartmental with the Department of Physiology. Aspects of physiology that bear particularly on the interrelationships between animals and their environments.
- 484. Herpetology**
Spring. Summer of even-numbered years. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station Summer of even-numbered years. Spring: 5(3-6) Summer of even-numbered years: 5 credits. ZOL 307 or ZOL 428.
Systematics and natural history of amphibians and reptiles with laboratory emphasis on Michigan species. Field trips required.
- 486. Mammalogy**
Fall. 4(2-6) ZOL 307 or ZOL 428.
Classification distribution, natural history of mammals with emphasis on Michigan species. Field studies, preparation of study specimens.
- 487. Experimental Field Ecology**
Spring. 4(2-6) Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station. ZOL 389, BOT 450.
Experimental study of population dynamics, species interactions, community structure, and ecosystem function. All day Saturday field trips to the Kellogg Biological Station in addition to weekday lectures on campus.
- 489. Animal Distribution**
Fall. 3(3-0) ZOL 306 or ZOL 307.
Principles and patterns of animal distribution. Emphasis on major faunal regions, centers of origins, and concepts relating to the distribution of modern vertebrates.
- 492. Cytochemistry**
Spring. 4(3-3) B S 212.
General principles of microscopy, microtomy, fixation, embedding and sectioning of animal tissues; study of various cellular organelles and the localization of lipids, carbohydrates, proteins, nucleic acids and various hydrolytic enzymes in the cells.
- 495. Undergraduate Seminar**
Fall, Winter, Spring. 1(1-0) May reenroll for a maximum of 3 credits. Juniors, and approval of department.
Reading and discussion of articles relating to economic, social and environmental impact of new discoveries in biological sciences.
- 497. Principles of Endocrinology**
Winter. 4(4-0) One year organic chemistry; ZOL 317. Interdepartmental with the Department of Physiology.
Hormonal principles, illustrated by experimental observations, in vertebrates and invertebrates. Emphasis on cellular endocrinology. Group discussion, background in organic chemistry and cell biology strongly recommended. Term paper required.
Approved through Fall 1989.
- 499. Undergraduate Thesis**
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 6 credits. May reenroll for a maximum of 12 credits. Juniors, written approval of instructor.
Laboratory research culminating in the preparation and defense of an undergraduate thesis.
- 804A. Neuroscience Laboratory I**
Winter. 4(2-4) ZOL 827 and approval of instructor. Interdepartmental with the departments of Physiology and Psychology. Administered by the Department of Psychology.
Development of skills in the methods, techniques and instrumentation necessary for research in a variety of areas concerned with neuroscience.
- 804B. Neuroscience Laboratory II**
Spring. 4(2-4) PSY 804A. Interdepartmental with the departments of Physiology and Psychology. Administered by the Department of Psychology.
Continuation of ZOL 804A.
- 811. Advanced Cell Physiology**
(PSL 801.) Fall. 6(6-0) PSL 431, PSL 432 or PSL 401, PSL 402; BCH 453 or concurrently; or approval of department; calculus recommended. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Physiology.
Concepts in advanced cellular physiology, including bioenergetics, transport, regulation of metabolic reactions, and specialized cell functions including nerve, muscle, secretory, epithelial and lymphocyte.
- 817. Ecology of Zooplankton**
Summer of odd-numbered years. 4 credits. Approval of department. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station.
Biology, distribution, and abundance of planktonic animals with special emphasis on life tables, filtering rates, food selection, production dynamics, fish predation, niche relationships and species diversity.
- 820. Behavior of Animal Populations**
Spring. 4(4-0) ZOL 313, written approval of department.
Behavior on the ecological level. Characteristics of populations rather than individuals will be stressed. Evolution will be considered on the population level.
- 822. Topics in Ethology and Behavioral Ecology**
Spring. 3(3-0) ZOL 313 or approval of instructor.
Current topics in ethology and behavioral ecology.
- 826. Tropical Biology: An Ecological Approach**
Winter, Summer. 12 credits. Approval of department and acceptance by Organization of Tropical Studies. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Botany and Plant Pathology.
Principles of tropical ecology at the population, community and ecosystem levels. Given at various sites in Costa Rica by the Organization for Tropical Studies.
- 827. Neurobiology**
Fall. 4(4-0) Approval of department. Interdepartmental with the departments of Physiology and Pharmacology and Toxicology.
Neural structure and function at cellular and intercellular levels. Membrane and synaptic potentials, receptor transduction, and intracellular transport with an introduction to comparative and evolutionary aspects.
- 830. Advanced Vertebrate Zoology**
Winter. 4(4-0) May reenroll for a maximum of 12 credits. ZOL 307; two years of undergraduate zoology, approval of department.
Advanced vertebrate biology including systematics, ecology, distribution, morphology.
- 836. Evolutionary Paleobiology**
Fall, Spring. 3(3-0) May reenroll for a maximum of 12 credits. GLG 338 or ZOL 445 or approval of department. Interdepartmental with and administered by Geology.
Selected topics in paleobiology, such as macroevolution, the importance of size and shape, the role of development, morphometrics, phylogenetic systematics, paleoecology, or biogeography.
- 837. Advanced Invertebrate Paleontology**
Fall, Spring. 3(3-0) May reenroll for a maximum of 12 credits. GLG 338 or ZOL 306 or approval of department. Interdepartmental with and administered by Geology.
Particular invertebrate phyla which are important in the fossil record including their functional morphology, systematics, taphonomy and evolutionary history.
- 839. Population Ecology**
Summer. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station. 4 credits. Approval of department. Interdepartmental with the Department of Botany and Plant Pathology.
A field-experimental approach to the study of adaptations. Selected topics will deal with population growth, competition, predation, mutation, community structure and species abundance.
- 840. Patterns of Diversity in Fossil Groups**
Fall, Spring. 3(3-0) May reenroll for a maximum of 12 credits. GLG 338 or ZOL 453 or approval of department. Interdepartmental with and administered by Geology.
Selected topics in the diversity of fossil organisms, for example, adaptive radiations, mass extinctions, patterns of clade replacement, biotic interactions and the dynamics of diversity.
- 842. Chromosome Structure and Genetics**
Winter of even-numbered years. 4(4-0) Introductory genetics course. Interdepartmental with Genetics and the Department of Botany and Plant Pathology. Administered by Genetics.
Mechanisms of mitosis and meiosis, classical and molecular genetics of chromosome structure, alterations in chromosome number and structure, transposable elements, meiotic drive.
- 843. Ecosystem Analysis, Design and Management**
Spring. 3(3-0) SYS 442. Interdepartmental with and administered by Systems Science.
Groups of students from various biological and nonbiological disciplines will synthesize and analyze models of selected biological systems. Project should yield information relevant to solution of contemporary ecological problems.
- 844. Problems in Human Genetics**
Spring. 5(5-0) ZOL 441 or approval of department.
Methods used in the study of human genetics and their application to medical, physiological and social problems. Laboratory consists of field trips and independent study selected by the student in consultation with the instructor.
- 845. Ecology and Evolution: the Interface**
Fall. 4(4-0) ZOL 445; ZOL 389 or BOT 450 or GLG 438.
Conceptual and methodological issues common to both ecology and evolutionary biology.
- 846. Advanced Topics in Evolution**
Winter. 4(4-0) May reenroll for a maximum of 12 credits if different topics are taken. ZOL 445 or approval of instructor.
Mechanistic and theoretical aspects of the evolutionary process. Topics will be drawn from the current literature and will deal with one of the following areas: microevolution, macroevolution, and speciation.

- 859. Analysis of Hormone Action**
Spring, 4(4-0) ZOL 317 or approval of department. Interdepartmental with the Department of Physiology.
Discussion of recent work on the molecular and developmental aspects of hormone action in vertebrates and invertebrates. Selected topics to vary from year to year.
- 862. Avian Behavioral Ecology**
Fall of even-numbered years. 4(4-0) ZOL 313, ZOL 389, ZOL 461.
Theory of habitat selection. Optimal foraging theory dealing with breadth of diet, patch utilization and sampling theory. Coloniality, cooperation and optimal group size, and refuging systems as they apply to avian populations.
- 871. Ecology of Fishes**
Summer of even-numbered years. 4 credits. Approval of department. Given at the W. K. Kellogg Biological Station. Interdepartmental with the Department of Fisheries and Wildlife.
Exploration of ecological problems with particular emphasis on growth, food and habitat selection, population biology and niche relations. Field and experimental investigations of fish communities.
- 881. Biology of the Arthropoda**
Winter. 5(3-6) ZOL 306 or approval of department. Interdepartmental with the Department of Entomology.
Ecology, life cycles, morphology, taxonomy, and distribution of arthropoda other than insects.
- 882. Cellular Morphogenesis**
Winter. 2(2-0) One course in biochemistry, approval of department.
Selected topics on the structure, biological processes and differentiation of living cells.
- 885. Vertebrate Neural Systems I**
Winter of odd-numbered years. 3(2-2) ANT 839 or approval of department. Interdepartmental with the departments of Anatomy, Physiology, and Psychology. Administered by the Department of Anatomy.
Structure and function of major component systems of vertebrate brains, their evolution, ontogeny and comparative analysis in mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians and fish. Interrelation of behavioral, anatomical and physiological studies.
- 886. Vertebrate Neural Systems II**
Spring of odd-numbered years. 3(2-2) ANT 885. Interdepartmental with the departments of Anatomy, Physiology, and Psychology. Administered by the Department of Anatomy.
Continuation of ANT 885. Major component systems of vertebrate brains, their evolution, ontogeny, and comparative analysis in mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians and fish. Interrelation of behavioral, anatomical, and physiological studies.
- 890. Special Problems**
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 15 credits. Two years of undergraduate zoology. Approval of department.
Consideration of current problems.
- 891. Current Topics in Ecological Research**
Summer. 1 or 2 credits. May reenroll for a maximum of 12 credits. Approval of department. Given at W. K. Kellogg Biological Station.
Discussions and special problem work; current theoretical views and investigations; treatment of the dynamics of energy and biomass in terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems; methods of analysis.
- 892. Dynamics of Biologic Populations**
Winter. 5(4-3) One statistics course, 1 ecology course or approval of department.
Growth, regulation, competition, predator-prey, life history strategies and spatial dynamics of animal populations.
- 893. Fertilization and Early Embryogenesis**
Fall of odd-numbered years. 3(3-0) Developmental biology, biochemistry, approval of department.
Developmental biology of early stages of animal life, emphasis on physiology and biochemistry of marine invertebrate eggs.
- 895. Seminar Topics**
Fall, Winter, Spring. 1 credit per term. May reenroll for a maximum of 6 credits. Approval of department.
Graduate level seminars on current research topics in biology.
- 896. Animal Community Ecology**
Winter of even-numbered years. 4(4-0) ZOL 892, approval of instructor.
Patterns and processes in animal communities with emphasis on structure, species diversity and stability.
- 897. Ecosystem Ecology**
Fall of even-numbered years. 4(4-0) ZOL 389 or BOT 450. Interdepartmental with the Department of Fisheries and Wildlife.
Concepts of ecosystem structure, energy flow, and nutrient cycling in representative terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems.
- 899. Master's Thesis Research**
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. Approval of department.
Research for the master's degree in genetics, morphology, mammalogy, wildlife management, ornithology, fisheries biology, limnology, quantitative biology, invertebrate, experimental embryology, animal behavior, herpetology.
- 999. Doctoral Dissertation Research**
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. Approval of department.
Research for the Ph.D. degree in genetics, morphology, mammalogy, wildlife management, ornithology, fisheries biology, limnology, quantitative biology, invertebrate, experimental embryology, animal behavior, herpetology.