GENERAL BUSINESS
AND BUSINESS LAW

(BOA 440.) Fall, Winter, Spring, 4(4-0)

(BOA 441.) Fall, Winter, Spring, 4(4-0)

(BOA 443.) Winter, Spring, 3(3-0)

(BOA 447.) Winter, Spring, 4(4-0)

(BOA 468.) Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer, 1 to 4 credits. May reenroll for a maximum of 8 credits. Approval of department.

Critical examination of the environment in which business operates. Analysis of the component elements of the legal environment of business and the structural framework in which law functions.

Contracts, sales, secured transactions and consumer legislation viewed from the judicial, legislative and executive vantage points.

Agency, partnerships and corporations, viewed from legislative, judicial and executive vantage points, as they affect entrepreneurial decision making.

Law of business associations, administrative agencies and process, the constitution and the business enterprise, liability to consumers, securities, regulation of business conduct and structure, business ethics and social responsibility.

Contracts, including concept of freedom of contract and limitations. Sales. Case study method.

The law dealing with agency and business organizations. Case study method.

The law of negotiable instruments, secured transactions, and property. Case study method.

Legal aspects of the hospitality industry.
844. Plant Organelle Genetics
Winter of odd-numbered years, 3(3-0)
Approval of department. Interdepartmental with the departments of Botany and Plant Pathology, Crop and Soil Sciences, Forestry, and Horticulture. Administered by the Department of Horticulture.
Organization, structure, function, heredity, molecular biology, and manipulation of chloroplasts and mitochondria. Biological interactions between the nucleus and organelles.

856. Plant Genetics and Molecular Biology
Spring of even-numbered years, 3(3-0)
Approval of department and a course in introductory genetics. Interdepartmental with the departments of Biochemistry, and Botany and Plant Pathology. Administered by the Department of Botany and Plant Pathology. Recent advances in genetics and molecular biology of higher plants.

880. Special Problems
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 4 credits. May reenroll for a maximum of 12 credits. Approval of instructor.
Students with special interests and abilities may study published literature in a selected genetic topic or they may carry on research in the laboratory on a selected subject in collaboration with genetics faculty.

890. Selected Topics in Genetics
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 2 to 3 credits. May reenroll for a maximum of 8 credits. ZOL 441 and approval of instructor.
Topics will be selected from molecular genetics, physiological genetics, population genetics, quantitative genetics, evolution, radiology and mutagenesis, microbial genetics, somatic cell genetics, behavioral genetics, and human genetics.

999. Doctoral Dissertation Research
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 3 to 12 credits. Major. Research for the doctoral dissertation in genetics.

GEOGRAPHY GEO

College of Social Science

100. People, Location and Environment (S)
Fall, Winter, Spring. 4(4-0) Not open to geography majors.
Relationships between people and environments, their spatial consequences and resulting regional structures across the earth's surface.

122. The World of Maps
Fall, Winter, Spring. 3(3-0)
Discussion of types, practical applications, and sources of maps. Map reading skills.

150. Geography of Selected Current Problems
Fall, Winter, Spring. 2(2-0)
The geographic perspective is used to examine U.S. and world problems of major concern such as international conflicts, environment quality, spatial change, and economic development.

201. Geography of Culture
Fall, Winter, Spring. 3(3-0)
A systematic discussion of cultural geography, stressing cultural processes and relationships.

203. Resource Ecology
(IND 200.) Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0) Interdepartmental with the departments of Fisheries and Wildlife, Forestry, Resource Development, and Zoology. Administered by the Department of Fisheries and Wildlife.
Basic concepts of ecology which are the unifying basis for resource protection, conservation policy, and the analysis of environmental quality. Extensive use of guest lecturers.

204. World Regional Geography (S)
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 4(4-0)
Human relationships with natural and cultural environments.

206. Physical Geography
Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 4(4-0)
Analysis of weather, climate, landforms, soils, water and biotic factors of the human environment, including its spatial, genetic, and functional interrelationships.

206L. Physical Geography Laboratory
Fall, Winter, Spring. 1(0-2) GEO 206 or concurrently.
Laboratory study of geographic aspects of map interpretation, aerial photographs, weather, climate, soils, landforms, and vegetation.

213. World Economic Geography
Fall, Winter, Spring. 4(4-0)
Emphasis on distribution of natural resources, industries and service activities, stressing factors of location and economic concepts of locational change.

223. Introduction to Cartography
Fall, Spring. 4(2-4)
Principles and techniques of constructing maps. Mapping methods and mapping decisions emphasized.

224. Remote Sensing: Airphoto Interpretation
Fall, Winter, Spring. 4(2-4) Sophomore.
Use of aerial photographs in the identification and interpretation of physical and cultural features of the terrestrial environment. Includes principles of photogrammetry, and stress analysis and application.

IDC. Introduction to Contemporary China
For course description, see Interdisciplinary Courses.

IDC. Contemporary Japan
For course description, see Interdisciplinary Courses.

300. North America
Fall, Winter, Spring. 3(3-0)
Human and physical geography of North America, north of the Mexican border.

309. Geography of Recreation
Winter. 3(3-0)
Natural and cultural factors influencing the use of space for recreation. Emphasis on recreation land use in the United States and current problems and conflicts.

310. Historical Geography of the United States
Spring. 3(3-0)
Reconstruction of geographies of the United States as they existed in the past.

315. South America
Spring. 3(3-0) Sophomore or approval of department.
Regional geography of South America with special attention to contemporary geographic problems.

316. Middle America
Winter. 3(3-0) Sophomore or approval of department.
Interpretation of physical and cultural environment of Mexico, Central America, and the West Indies. Special attention to contemporary geographic problems.

320. Geography of Population
Fall. 3(3-0)
Relationships of the size, composition, and distribution of population to geographic variations in the nature of places.

321. Africa
Fall. 3(3-0) Sophomore or approval of department.
Emphasis on continent south of Sahara: environments, peoples, problems, and potentials.

322. Africa: Contemporary Problems
Spring. 3(3-0) Sophomore or approval of department. GEO 321 recommended.
Major development problems examined from environmental, historical, economic, and social perspectives.

340. Western Europe
Winter. 3(3-0) Sophomore or approval of department.
Geographic analysis of physical and human character and resources of Western Europe (Scandinavia, British Isles, Benelux, Germany, France and Switzerland). Emphasis on major problems.

IDC. Contemporary South Asia
For course description, see Interdisciplinary Courses.

342. Eastern and Southern Europe
Spring. 3(3-0) Sophomore or approval of department.
A geographical analysis of countries of Eastern and Southern Europe with emphasis on economic, political, social and ethnic problems.

351. Weather and Climate
Fall. 3(3-0)
Non-mathematical treatment of general weather processes and patterns, including surface and middle atmospheric (jet stream) features, with emphasis on the U.S.

360. The Soviet Union
Fall. 3(3-0) Sophomore or approval of department.
A geographical analysis of the Soviet Union and its inhabitants with emphasis on economic, social, political and ethnic problems.

364. Japan
Fall. 3(3-0)
Spatial patterns and processes of Japan's physical and human geography, with emphasis on development problems of the nation, especially since 1850.