451. Process Systems Control Winter. 3(3-0) 428.

Foundation of control theory for chemical processes. Integration of present and developing practice with modern theory.

460. Problems and Reports

Fall, Winter, Spring. I to 9 credits. Seniors, approval of department.

Library and laboratory investigations of problems relating to departmental research.

461. Process Selection and Optimization

Winter, 3(3-0) 415.

Application of chemical engineering principles in design calculations. Selection of the optimum design for equipment, functional units, and for the overall process. Influence of design on capital investment, operating cost, product loss, and product quality.

462. Process Design

Spring. 3(1-6) 461.

Integrated design of the complete chemical engineering process. Process engineering, project engineering, instrumentation, and layout.

465. Process Optimization Methods

Fall, Spring. 3(3-0) MTH 215, knowledge of linear algebra. Interdepartmental with Systems Science.

Methods for determining optimum design and operating policies of systems of varying complexity. Includes classical methods, mathematical programming and modern methods.

470. Theory of Nuclear Reactors

(821.) Fall. 3(3-0) PHY 289 and MTH 215 or approval of department.

Theory and design of nuclear research and power reactors. Nuclear transformation, fission, and energy conversion. Derivation of chain reaction design criteria, and calculation of flux-power distribution. Analysis of reactor safety, reliability and economics,

481. Transport Phenomena

Fall. 3(3-0) 314, 381.

Fundamental treatment of momentum, energy and mass transport. Use of partial differential equations and equations of change for chemical engineering applications. Analogies among the phenomena, dimensional analysis, and boundary layer theory.

801. Advanced Chemical Engineering Calculations I

Fall. 3(3-0) 415.

Chemical engineering applications of advanced mathematical methods. Formulation and solution of mathematical equations which describe physical problems. Computer solutions.

802. Advanced Chemical Engineering Calculations II

Winter. 3(3-0) 801.

Continuation of 801.

811. Advanced Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics I

Fall. 3(3-0) 311, 361, CEM 461.

Advanced treatment of the laws of thermodynamics. Cryogenic processes. Corresponding state and higher parameters in computing properties of chemical compounds and solutions.

817. Advanced Chemical Reaction Engineering I

Spring. 3(3-0) 428.

Treatment of absorption and catalysis and their application to catalytic reactors. Heat, momentum, and mass-transfer in fixed-bed and fluidized-bed reactors. Non-catalytic heterogeneous reactions. Homogeneous chain reactions and free radical mechanisms. Computer applications to solution of complex kinetic problems.

825. Theory, Applicability and Engineering of Radioisotopes

Winter of even-numbered years. 3(3-0) PHY 498 or CEM 461 or approval of department.

Principles of utilization of radioisotopes in research and production problems for engineering and science majors. Fundamentals and preparation techniques of radioisotopes. Selection, specification, measurement and disposal for typical technical problems.

826. Flow of Heat I

Spring. 3(3-0) 415.

Steady and unsteady state heat transfer. Conduction and convection in flow and non-flow systems.

828. Optimization of Static Nonlinear Systems

Winter, Summer. 3(3-0) 465 or knowledge of linear programming. Interdepartmental with and administered by Systems Science.

Problem formulation and classification, Kuhn Tucker theory in nonlinear programming, gradient and search methods, techniques for quadratic, integer, geometric, and dynamic programming.

831. Distillation, Absorption, and Extraction—Ideal Stages

Fall. 3(3-0) 415. May precede or follow 832.

Stagewise calculations in distillation, absorption, and extraction processes. Computer techniques. Liquid-gas and liquid-liquid equilibria. Batch, continuous, binary and multi-component calculations.

832. Distillation, Absorption and Extraction—Phase Contactors

Winter. 3(3-0) 415. May precede or follow 831.

Mass transfer in distillation, absorption, and extraction processes. Continuous and stagewise phase contactors. Column hydrodynamics and plate efficiency.

841. Advanced Transport Phenomena

Winter. 3(3-0) MTH 215, B.S. in engineering or physical science.

Use of equations of change in solving engineering problems. Boundary layer and penetration theories of interphase transport. Potential flow. Theories of turbulence from statistical standpoint.

847. Physical Chemistry of Macromolecules

Winter of odd-numbered years. 3(3-0) 446 or approval of department. Interdepartmental with the Chemistry Department.

Thermodynamics—phase equilibria of polymer solutions; configuration and conformation of chain molecules; characterization of polymer molecular weight and distribution; theoretical and experimental results for dilute solution viscosity and diffusivity; polyelectrolytes.

881. Seminar

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1(0-2) May re-enroll for a maximum of 3 credits allowed toward M.S. degree and 6 credits toward Ph.D. degree.

Detailed library investigation of one or more specialized aspects of chemical engineering, such as recent theoretical developments in one of the unit operations; presentations of these studies to a seminar group. Participation generally required each term of residence.

886. Selected Topics in Chemical Engineering

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0) May re-enroll for a maximum of 9 credits if a different topic is taken.

A newly developing area of chemical engineering selected by the department for offering each term. Information on the specific topic to be covered should be obtained from the department office before registration.

888. Research Survey

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1 to 3 credits. May re-enroll for a maximum of 3 credits.

Literature search, problem analysis, and layout of a complete research program.

893. Special Problems

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. Approval of department.

899. Research

(EGR 899.) Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. Approval of department.

912. Advanced Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics II

Spring of even-numbered years. 3(3-0) Approval of department.

Relation of thermodynamics to quantum theory and statistical mechanics. Computation of chemical engineering thermodynamic data from spectral measurements. Irreversible thermodynamics.

918. Advanced Chemical Reaction Engineering II

Winter of even-numbered years. 3(3-0) Approval of department.

Quantitative treatment of current literature in chemical kinetics and reaction engineering.

927. Flow of Heat II

Fall of even-numbered years. 3(3-0) Approval of department.

Fundamentals of radiant heat transfer. Computer techniques in the design of radiant and convective heat transfer equipment.

965. Special Topics in Optimal Process Theory

Spring of odd-numbered years. 3(3-0) 828 or approval of department, Interdepartmental with Systems Science.

Continuation of 828 and special topics from the literature in nonlinear, stochastic, and dynamic programming.

999. Research

(EGR 999.) Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. Approval of department.

CHEMISTRY

CEM

College of Natural Science

Credit cannot be earned in more than one course of each of the following groups: 130 and 141, 131 and 141, 142 and 153, 132 and 241 or 351, 242 and 352, 383 and 461, 361 and 384, 394 and 472.

130. Introductory Chemistry I

Fall, Winter, Summer. 4(3-3) MTH 108 or 111 or concurrently.

General discussion of principles. Atomic and molecular structure and spectra; stoichiometry; gases, liquids, solids, solutions, and changes of state. Laboratory experiments via film, TV tape or live demonstration.

131. Introductory Chemistry II

Winter, Spring, Summer. 3(3-0) 130; 161 concurrently.

Continuation of 130. Chemical kinetics and equilibrium; ionic equilibrium; acids and bases.

132. Introductory Chemistry: Carbon Compounds

Fall, Spring, Summer. 3(3-2) 131 or 141; 161.

Chemistry of carbon compounds, introducing the aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbon series. Some typical compounds are prepared and their behavior studied.

141. Principles of Chemistry I

Fall, Winter. 4(4-0) MTH 108 or 111 or concurrently; satisfactory grade on placement examination; 161 concurrently.

Atomic and molecular structure, chemical kinetics and equilibrium; acids and bases. The solid state.

142. Introductory Chemistry III

Fall, Spring. 3(3-0) 131 or 141.

Reactions and behavior of inorganic compounds.

152. Principles of Chemistry II

Winter, Spring. 3(3-0) 131 or 141; MTH 112 or concurrently. Grade of C or better in 131 or 141 recommended.

Thermochemistry and applications of thermochemical principles; equilibrium and electrochemistry.

153. Introductory Inorganic Chemistry

Fall, Spring. 3(3-0) 152.

Descriptive inorganic chemistry with further discussion of bonding; introduction to radiochemistry.

'161. Introductory Chemistry Laboratory

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 1(0-3) 131 or 141 concurrently.

Laboratory work in chemistry including quantitative physiochemical or analytical experiments and chemical synthesis.

162. Quantitative Analysis

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 3(1-6) 131 or 141; 161.

Laboratory work in quantitative chemistry.

163. Introductory Inorganic Laboratory

Spring. 2(0-6) 162.

Qualitative analysis and inorganic preparations.

241. Organic Chemistry

Fall, Winter, Summer. 4(4-0) 131 or 141: 161.

Common classes of organic compounds with emphasis on nomenclature, structural principles, reactions and reaction mechanisms.

242. Organic Chemistry

Winter, Spring, Summer. 4(4-0) 241. Continuation of 241 with emphasis on polyfunctional compounds, particularly groups of compounds having biological significance.

243. Organic Chemistry Laboratory

Fall, Winter, Summer. 1(0-2) 241 or concurrently.

Introduction to standard organic laboratory techniques.

244. Organic Chemistry Laboratory

Winter, Spring, Summer. 1(0-3) 241, 243, 242 concurrently.

Organic preparations and qualitative analysis.

245. Organic Chemistry

Fall, Spring. 4(4-0) 242.

Selected topics of organic chemistry, especially compounds of biological interest, discussed with emphasis on mechanisms and stereochemistry. Topics include polymers, amino acids, proteins, sugars, terpenes, steroids, and alkaloids.

333. Instrumental Methods

Spring. 4(2-6) 132 or 241 or 351;

Principles, applications of separation and instrumental analysis. Atomic emission, absorption, fluorescence spectrometry; UV, visible, IR spectrophotometry; molecular fluorescence; gas and other chromotography; electro-analytical chemistry; electrophoresis; radiochemistry.

351. Organic Chemistry

Fall. 3(4-0) 152.

A comprehensive introduction to the fundamentals of organic chemistry, designed for chemistry majors but open to others who desire a rigorous, modern treatment of the subject.

352. Organic Chemistry

Winter. 3(4-0) 351.

Continuation of 351.

353. Organic Chemistry

Spring. 3(4-0) 352.

Continuation of 352.

354. Organic Chemistry Laboratory Winter. 2(0-6) 162, 351.

A laboratory course in modern techniques of organic chemistry, including qualitative organic

355. Organic Chemistry Laboratory Spring. 2(0-6) 352, 354.

Continuation of 354.

356. Organic Chemistry Laboratory Fall. 2(0-6) 355.

Continuation of 355.

361. Chemical Thermodynamics

Fall, Spring. 3(4-0) One year general chemistry; one year general physics; MTH 215. Interdepartmental and jointly administered with the Chemical Engineering Department.

Thermodynamics. Properties of gases. Laws of thermodynamics, properties of ideal and non-ideal solutions, thermodynamics of chemical reactions, activities in non-ionic systems.

362. Analytical-Physical Chemistry I Winter. 3(4-0) 361.

Applications of thermodynamics. Activity coefficients, ionic solutions, cell potentials, ionic equilibria including acid-base, complexation, solubility and redox equilibria, phase equilibria, distillation, extraction, chromatography.

363. Analytical-Physical Chemistry II Spring. 3(4-0) 362.

Chemical kinetics. Homogeneous kinetics, reaction mechanisms, temperature dependence of reaction rates, transport process, heterogeneous kinetics, electrode kinetics, X-ray diffraction, crystal structure.

372. Analytical-Physical Chemistry Laboratory I

Winter. 2(1-3) 162; 383 or 361.

Measurement techniques. Temperature measurement and control, pressure, caloimetry, pH, acid-base titrations, cell potentials, treatment of data.

373. Analytical-Physical Chemistry Laboratory II

Spring. 2(1-3) 372.

Instrumental measurements. Electrode potentials, chromatography, spectrophotometry, electrolytic conductance, solution kinetics.

383. Physical Chemistry: Introductory

Fall, Summer. 3(4-0) 132 or 241 or 351: MTH 113.

Classical and chemical thermodynamics. Introduction to the laws and their applications in treating chemical reactions, pure substances, ideal and non-ideal mixtures, and colligative properties.

384. Physical Chemistry: Introductory Winter, Summer. 3(4-0) 132 or 241 or 351: MTH 113.

Atomic and molecular structure. Atomic and molecular orbitals and chemical bonding. Rotational, vibrational and electronic spectra, nuclear magnetic resonance and electron spin resonance.

385. Physical Chemistry: Introductory Spring. 3(4-0) 383 and 384.

Electrochemistry and electromotive force. Chemical kinetics. Macromolecules and biochemical systems. Nuclear chemistry.

394. Spectroscopy Laboratory Spring. 2(1-3) 384 or 461.

Laboratory work in electronic, vibrational, and rotational spectroscopy, mass spectrometry, nuclear and electron spin resonance, dipole moments and magnetic susceptibility.

400H. Honors Work

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. Seniors, approval of department.

Assigned reading and investigation in chemistry under the supervision of the staff. The program will include some creative work.

411. Inorganic Chemistry I

Fall, Summer. 3(3-0) 385 or 363.

Principles of structure and bonding in inorganic chemistry, crystal symmetry, coordination chemistry, solvent systems, hydrogen bonding and selected examples from the chemistry of various elements.

412. Inorganic Chemistry II Winter. 3(3-0) 411.

Inorganic chemistry viewed in a variety of examples of reactions, structure, mechanisms, etc., from representative main group elements and transition elements.

419. Problems and Reports

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. 2 to 8

430. Introduction to Radioactivity and Radioisotope Techniques

Fall, Summer. 2(3-0) or 3(3-0) One year each of general college chemistry and physics. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Physics.

First 7 weeks. Elementary nuclear processes and properties with emphasis on radioactivity, its measurement, and its interaction with matter. Effects of radiation on chemical and biological systems. Applications of nuclear technology, safety and environmental factors. Last 3 weeks. Fundamentals of nuclear models, reactions and decay mechanisms. Basic principles of nuclear reactors and accelerators.

431. Laboratory for Radioactivity and Radioisotope Techniques

Fall, Summer. 1(0-3) 161, 430 concurrently. 162 recommended. Interdepartmental with and administered by the Department of Physics.

Introduction to nuclear instrumentation. Experimental techniques for application of radio-isotopes to problems in chemistry, the life sciences, and industry.

446. **Polymerization**

Fall. 3(3-0) One year organic chemistry, elementary physical chemistry. Interdeparmental with the Chemical Engineering De-

Formation and characterization of polymers of high molecular weight will be emphasized.

Theoretical Chemistry I

Fall. 3(4-0) One year general chemistry; one year general physics; MTH 215.

Quantum chemistry. Wave properties, postulates of quantum mechanics, hydrogen atom, helium atom, orbital theories, ionic bonds, simple molecules, valence-bond and molecular-orbital theories, complex molecules, introduction to spectra.

Theoretical Chemistry II 462. Winter. 3(4-0) 361, 461.

Spectroscopy and molecular structure. Electronic, infrared, Raman, and microwave spectro-scopy, magnetic susceptibility and magnetic resonance, statistical mechanics, statistical thermodynamics, kinetic theory of gases, absolute rate theory.

Analytical-Physical Chemistry 471. Laboratory III

Fall. 2(0-6) 363, 373.

Kinetics, operational amplifiers, polarography, coulometry, electrochemical kinetics, stoppedflow kinetics, digital measurements, neutron activation.

Analytical-Physical Chemistry 472. Laboratory IV Winter. 2(0-6) 461, 471.

Molecular properties. Mass spectrometry, nuclear and electron spin resonance spectroscopy, infrared spectroscopy, dipole moments, magnetic susceptibility, gaseous decomposition kinetics.

Modern Physical Chemistry

Spring. 3(3-0) May re-enroll for a maximum of 6 credits if a different topic is taken. 462.

Topics may be selected from the following: physical properties and structure, molecular structure, spectroscopy, theory of solutions.

Seminar on Chemical Physics 499.

Fall, Winter, Spring. 1(1-0) May re-enroll for a maximum of 3 credits. One year of analytical-physical chemistry. MTH 215;

Literature of chemical physics through oral reports on selected journal articles in the area.

Symmetry, Group and MO 811. Theory

Winter. 3(3-0) Approval of depart-

ment. Applications of group and molecular orbital theory to chemical bonding, structure and reactions.

Advanced Inorganic Chemistry— 812. Non-Metals

Winter. 3(3-0) 811 or approval of devartment.

Continuation of 811 with emphasis in structure and chemistry of the non-metals.

Advanced Inorganic Chemistry— 813. Metals

Spring. 3(3-0) 811.
Continuation of 811 with emphasis on the structure and chemistry of the metals.

Nuclear and Radiochemistry 830.

Winter. 3(3-0) Approval of department.

Chemistry of production, isolation and identification of radionuclides and their uses in chem-

Advanced Analytical Chemistry 834. Winter. 3(3-0) Approval of depart-

Consideration of principles and equilibria pertaining to aqueous and non-aqueous neutralization, redox and complexation reactions and the various separation techniques employed in analyses.

Spectrochemical Methods of 835. Analysis

Fall. 3(2-4) Approval of department.

Principles and applications of atomic absorption, emission, fluorescence; are and spark emission spectroscopy; UV, visible, IR spectrophotometry; spectrophotometric titrations; reaction rate methods; molecular fluorescence, phosphorescence spectrometry; other optical spectrometric methods.

836. Separations

Spring of odd-numbered years. 3(3-0) Approval of department.

Physical and chemical methods of separation.

Electronalytical Chemistry

Spring of even-numbered years. 3(2-3) Approval of department.

Theory and applications of modern electroana lytical chemistry to chemical and biomedical problems. Coulometry, electrometric titrations, ion-selective voltammetry; electrochemical syn-thesis and preparation of species for spectroscopy; trace analysis.

838. Scientific Instrumentation

Winter, Spring, Summer. 4(3-4) May re-enroll for a maximum of 12 credits. Approval of department.

Scientific measurements. Principles and applications of servo systems, operational amplifiers, linear and digital solid state devices, analog, digital and hybrid instrumentation systems, and minicomputers for scientific measurements.

Structural Elucidation by 844. Instrumental Methods

Fall. 3(3-0) Approval of department.

A practical instrumental analysis course with the major emphasis on the interpretation of data rather than a detailed description of the instrumentation. The fundamental principles behind the various measurements will be dis-cussed in a general way, and important instrumental limitations will be noted.

847. Physical Chemistry of Macromolecules

Winter of odd-numbered years. 3(3-0) 446 or approval of department. Interdepart mental with and administered by the Chemical Engineering Department.

Thermodynamics-phase equilibria of polymer solutions; configuration and conformation of chain molecules; characterization of polymer molecular weight and distribution; theoretical and experimental results for dilute solution viscosity and diffusivity; polyelectrolytes.

Structure and Reactivity of 851. Organic and Inorganic Compounds

Fall. 3(3-0) 353; 462 or approval of

Chemical principles will be illustrated through a coordinated presentation of examples from inorganic and organic chemistry. About half of the course will be devoted to honding and stereochemistry, the remainder to reactive intermediates in chemical reactions and their reactivity patterns.

Advanced Mechanistic Organic 852. Chemistry

Winter. 3(3-0) 851.

Continuation of 851.

Advanced Synthetic Organic 853. Chemistry

Spring. 3(3-0) 852.

Continuation of 852.

880. Atomic and Molecular Structure Fall. 3(3-0) 462 or approval of department.

Basic concepts of non-relativistic quantum mechanics will be developed and employed in a description of atomic and molecular structure.

881. **Thermodynamics**

Winter. 3(3-0) Approval of depart-

Laws of thermodynamics and their application to pure substances and solutions.

Chemical Kinetics

Spring. 3(3-0) 880.

Rates and mechanisms of chemical reactions, reaction rate theory, kinetic theory of gases, photochemistry.

Problems and Reports

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. May re-enroll for a maximum of 12 credits. Approval of department.

Research

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Vari-May re-enroll for a maximum of 12 credits. Approval of department.

Research in inorganic, analytical, organic, and physical chemistry.

913. Selected Topics in Inorganic Chemistry

3(3-0) May re-enroll Fall, Spring. for a maximum of 9 credits if different topic is

Rare earth elements, recent advances in the chemistry of metals or nonmetals, high-temperature chemistry. Coordination chemistry and nonaqueous solvents.

Seminar in Inorganic Chemistry 918. Fall, Winter, Spring. 0 or 1(1-0)

Discussions of recent advances and reports by graduate students on research problems.

Selected Topics in Analytical 924. Chemistry

Fall, Winter, Spring. 2(2-0) May reenroll for a maximum of 6 credits if different topic is taken.

Among topics which may be discussed are: advances in electro-analytical chemistry or spectroscopy; non-aqueous solvents in analytical chemtheory of acid-base and complexation istry; the equilibria.

938. Seminar in Analytical Chemistry Fall, Winter, Spring. 0 or 1(1-0)

Discussions of recent advances and reports by graduate students on research problems.

956. Selected Topics in Organic Chemistru

Fall, Winter, Spring. 2(2-0) or 3(3-0) May re-enroll for a maximum of 12 credits if different topic is taken. Approval of departdifferent topic is taken. ment.

Topics may be selected from heterocyclic chemistry, natural products, free radicals, carbonium ions, organic sulfur or nitrogen compounds, acidity functions, isotope effects, photochemistry and others.

958. Seminar in Organic Chemistry Fall, Winter, Spring. 0 or 1(1-0)

Discussions of recent advances and reports by graduate students on research problems.

985. Statistical Thermodynamics

Fall of odd-numbered years. Winter and Spring of even-numbered years. 3(3-0) re-enroll for a maximum of 9 credits if different topic is taken. Approval of department.

Definition of partition function; translational, rotational, vibrational and electronic partition functions and their calculation and application to thermodynamic problems; application of spectroscopic measurements to thermodynamic calculations.

987. Selected Topics in Physical Chemistry

Fall. 3(3-0) May re-enroll for a maximum of 6 credits if different topic is taken. Approval of department.

Mathematical preparation for quantum chemistry. Selected topics as: kinetics and photo-chemistry, macromolecular and surface chemistry, molecular spectroscopy, electro and magproperties of matter, application of statistical mechanics to chemical problems.

988. Selected Topics in Physical Chemistry

Winter. 3(3-0) May re-enroll for a maximum of 9 credits if different topic is taken. Approval of department.

Topics may be chosen from analysis and interpretation of the spectra of molecules, advanced molecular structure, magnetic resonance, spectro scopy, X-rays and crystal structure, statistical mechanics.

99I. Quantum Chemistry

Fall, Winter, Spring. 3(3-0) May re-enroll for a maximum of 9 credits if different topic is taken. Approval of department.

Principles of quantum chemistry and their application to chemical problems. Electronic structure of molecules and its correlation with the chemical and physical properties of substances. Emission and absorption of radiation.

998. Seminar in Physical Chemistry Fall, Winter, Spring. 0 or 1(1-0)

Discussions of recent advances and reports by graduate students on research problems.

999 Research

Fall, Winter, Spring, Summer. Variable credit. Approval of department.

Research in analytical, inorganic, organic, and physical chemistry.

CHINESE

See Linguistics and Oriental and African Languages

CIVIL AND SANITARY ENGINEERING

College of Engineering

Civil Engineering

CE

251. Elementary Surveying

Fall, Spring. 4(3-3) Trigonometry, EGR 160 or 267. Not open to majors.

Use of the tape, compass, level, and transit with simple maps; traverse closure and area computations. Profile, cross section and stadia surveys, U. S. land system.

Surveying I 252.

Fall, Spring. 5(4-3) Trigonometry.

Instruments, theory of measurements, error analysis, stadia, horizontal and vertical curves, U.S. Public Land System, observation for me-

280. Introduction to Environmental Engineering

(382.) Winter, Spring. 4(4-0) CEM 141 or 131, MTH 112, CPS 120.

Hydrology; ground water and surface water supply systems; wastewater treatment, methods of pollution control for solid waste, air, and

305. Structural Mechanics I

Winter, Spring. 4(4-0) MMM 211.

Stability and determinacy of structures. Two and three dimensional determinate structures. Iwo and three dimensional determinate structures. Indeterminate structural analysis by displace-ment and force methods based upon equilib-rium, compatibility and load-deformation rela-

308. Engineering Materials I

Winter, Spring. 4(3-3) MMM 211 or concurrently.

Structure; composition; physical, mechanical and rheological properties of non-metallic construction materials. Emphasis on aggregates, asphalt, inorganic cements, concrete, and wood.

311. Urban Utilities

Winter, 3(3-0)

Capacities, limitations and cost of public and semi-public utilities as they relate to the planning and design of the urban environment. Topics include transportation, water supply, storm drainage, sewage collection and treatment, solid waste and municipal finance.

312.Soil Mechanics I

Spring, Summer. 4(3-3) MMM 211.

Engineering properties of soils and their measurement. Effective stress concept; permeability; fluid flow in soils; stress-strain behavior; soil strength; compaction and consolidation of soils; field exploration and design problems.

321.Introductory Fluid Mechanics Fall, Winter. 5(4-2) MMM 306.

Fluid properties; hydrostatics; control volume approach to conservation of mass, momentum and energy; dimensional analysis and dynamic similitude; fluid resistance; pipe and open channel flows; boundary layer concepts.

342. Survey of Transportation Systems Fall. 4(4-0) Juniors; not open to

majors.

Survey of engineering aspects of all forms of transportation with emphasis on highway transportation including highway systems, planning, economic and financial aspects, geometrics and traffic studies.

346. Transportation

(446.) Fall. 3(3-0) MTH 214

Planning, design and evaluation of transportation systems. Operational characteristics of transportation modes, traffic flow and techniques for system selection.

347. Transportation Facilities

(447.) Winter. 4(3-3) 251 or 252.

Geometric design of highway and airport facilities as these considerations affect capacity, traffic control and economics of transport systems. Financing and administration of trans-

353. Surveying II

Spring. 4(3-3) 251 or 252.

Continuation of 252 including photogrammetric methods, astronomical observations for latitude, longitude and meridian. Introduction to geodetic methods.

370. Cost and Optimization Engineering

Fall. 3(3-0) MTH 113.

Formulation of engineering decisions governed by current and future costs and returns. Com-parison and optimization of alternative engineering projects, products and processes.

Construction Estimating

Winter. 3(3-0) Juniors.

Cost studies of construction activities with emphasis on labor productivity and operating characteristics of equipment under various site conditions. Interpretation of drawings and specifications.

374. Legal Aspects of Engineering Spring. 3(3-0) Juniors.

The professional engineer's relationship with the legal aspects of engineering. Special emphasis on contract documents.

390. Civil Engineering Analysis Fall, Winter. 4(4-0) MTH 215.

Analysis of civil engineering problems by numerical and statistical methods. Approximate methods and error analysis. Application to computer use.

400. Structural Mechanics II

Spring, Summer. 4(4-0) 305.

Energy methods in static and dynamic structural analysis, including the principles of virtual displacements and virtual forces. Influence lines. Matrix analysis of structures, influence and stiffness coefficients. Computer facilities are

405. Structural Design in Steel

Fall, Winter. 4(4-0) 305.

Beams, columns, tension and compression members, connections. Elastic, plastic and ultimate strength concepts.

406. Structural Design in Concrete Winter, Spring. 4(4-0) 305.

Reinforced concrete beams, columns, slabs, footings and retaining walls. Elastic theory and ultimate strength concepts. Prestressed theory and design.

Structural Mechanics III 410. Fall. 4(4-0) 400.

Beam-columns, elastic buckling, thin-walled members. Elementary theory with special reference to structures. Elements of plates and shells. Introduction to inelastic behavior of structures.

419. Soil Mechanics II

Fall. 4(4-0) 312.

Foundation engineering. Immediate, consolidation, and secondary settlements; stress distribution in soil masses; lateral earth pressures on structures; bearing capacity if shallow foundations; introduction to stability analysis of earth structures.

421. Hydrology

Fall, Spring. 4(3-2) 280, 321, 390.

Engineering hydrology; frequency and precipitation analysis; streamflow analysis and the unit hydrograph; flood prediction; rainfall-runoff correlations; urban hydrology.